



### Call for Papers

## **Panel Study of Income Dynamics Annual User Conference 2022: 25<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the PSID Child Development Supplement**

Deadline for submissions: 6 June 2022

Conference dates: 15–16 September 2022

### **Purpose**

The Panel Study of Income Dynamics (PSID) announces a call for papers for the 2022 PSID Annual User Conference. **The conference encourages submissions that use data from the PSID Child Development Supplement (CDS), in recognition of its 25<sup>th</sup> anniversary.**

However, submissions are also welcome that use data from PSID or its other supplements—the Transition into Adulthood Supplement, the Disability and Use of Time Supplement, the Childhood Retrospective Circumstances Study, or the Wellbeing and Daily Life Supplement.

Papers accepted for the conference that use data from the Child Development Supplement will be considered for publication in a planned journal special issue focussing on recent CDS research.

The submission deadline is 6 June 2022. A total of 20 to 25 papers will be accepted for the conference, either for presentation or as posters. The conference will be held at the University of Michigan’s Institute for Social Research in Ann Arbor, Michigan, 15–16 September 2022. Travel and lodging expenses will be available for one author per accepted paper. Meals will be provided to all conference participants.

The goals of the PSID Annual User Conference are to provide new and experienced researchers with a forum to present preliminary results, to obtain comments and feedback from experienced PSID data users and PSID study staff, to facilitate future collaborations including NIH and NSF proposal submissions, to learn about new PSID data, and to provide feedback to PSID about study content and future data collections.

### **Study Background**

PSID is a longitudinal survey of a nationally representative sample of U.S. families that began in 1968. Data have been collected on the same families and their descendants for 42 waves through 2021. New immigrant supplements to PSID were added in 1997 and 2017.

There are several major PSID supplements. The PSID Child Development Supplement (CDS) collects information on children in PSID families. The original CDS was based on a cohort of children aged 0–12 years in 1997; beginning with CDS-2014 and continuing with CDS-2019 and beyond, information is collected on all children aged 0–17 years in PSID families who were born after 1997. The PSID Transition into Adulthood Supplement (TAS) collects information on young adults in PSID families. It has been conducted biennially from 2005 to 2021; through 2015 it collected information on the original CDS cohort during their young adult years but since 2017 it has been expanded to collect information on all young adults aged 18–28 years in PSID families. The 2014 PSID Childhood Retrospective Circumstances Study (CRCS) collected information from PSID adults about their childhood experiences and the 2016 PSID Wellbeing and Daily Life Supplement collected information about psychological wellbeing, personality

traits, and everyday skills. The PSID Disability and Use of Time (DUST) supplement collected information in 2009 and 2013 from older adults in PSID families about disability, time use, and wellbeing.

PSID's innovative design, broad content, and long duration have been central to understanding many key research and policy issues, including: income and poverty dynamics; demographic behavior such as marriage, cohabitation, and teen childbearing; child development; cyclical behavior of wages, labor supply, and consumption; savings and wealth accumulation; disparities in mortality, health status, and health behaviors including obesity, exercise, and smoking; intergenerational transmission of socioeconomic status; post-secondary education, career choices, and early labor market activities; family, period, and contextual effects on education, household formation, and other key indicators of the transition to adulthood; long-term consequences of policy interventions; and migration, residential change, and the effects of neighborhoods. The growing number of three- and four-generation families support analyses of multigenerational associations. Across these and other topics, research based on PSID data highlights the importance of a life course approach, in which factors earlier in life have lasting influences on outcomes later in life.

Complete information on PSID and its supplements, as well as public use versions of these data, are available through the PSID website: [www.psidonline.org](http://www.psidonline.org).

### **Selection Criteria**

Submissions will be evaluated by senior scholars affiliated with PSID based on:

- The substantive or methodological motivation for the study;
- The quality of the study design, including appropriate research methodology and data;
- The significance of the submission in terms of extending scientific knowledge.

Submissions will also be selected to balance topics and disciplines.

### **Submission Instructions**

The submission webpage is: [psid.org/Conference](http://psid.org/Conference).

The following items are required to be submitted through the webpage:

1. An online form with:
  - Name, contact information, and CVs for the corresponding author and all coauthors;
  - The title of the paper;
2. An abstract (1,000 words or less) which should include a description of the topic to be studied, the theoretical focus, and the data and research methods.

### **Timeline and Important Dates**

<b>Event</b>	<b>Date</b>
a. Submission deadline	6 June 2022
b. Notification of decisions	24 June 2022
c. Conference in Ann Arbor	15–16 September 2022

### **Contact Information**

For further information, please contact Narayan Sastry ([nsastry@umich.edu](mailto:nsastry@umich.edu)) or Vivian Burgett ([vburgett@umich.edu](mailto:vburgett@umich.edu)).

This conference is supported by the *Eunice Kennedy Shriver* National Institute of Child Health and Human Development, the National Institute on Aging, and the National Science Foundation