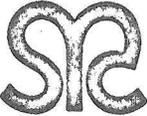


(Interview Number)

	SURVEY RESEARCH CENTER INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN	68 Int.	<input type="text"/>	70 Int.	<input type="text"/>
			69 Int.	<input type="text"/>	PSU

(Do not write in above spaces)

1. Interviewer's Label	2. P.S.U. _____ 3. Your Interview No. _____ 4. Date _____ 5. Length of Interview _____
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SECTION A: CHILDREN

(MAKE SURE PAGE 2 of COVER SHEET IS COMPLETED BEFORE ASKING Q. A1)

A1. INTERVIEWER: SEE LISTING BOX, ON PAGE 2 OF COVER SHEET, AND CHECK ONE:

1. CHILDREN UNDER 25 IN FU	5. NO CHILDREN UNDER 25 IN FU (TURN TO B1, PAGE 2)
----------------------------	--

A2. How many of the children living here are in school this year?

\_\_\_\_\_ NUMBER       0. NONE (TURN TO A6, PAGE 2)

A3. About how much education do you think the children will have when they stop going to school?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

A4. Did you (or anyone else here) attend any parent-teacher meetings in the 1 year?

YES       5. NO (TURN TO A6, PAGE 2)

A5. When was the last time? \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION III. QUESTION-BY-QUESTION OBJECTIVES

Section A: Children

- A2 This question refers only to children living in the DU but is not restricted to children of the head - include stepchildren, nieces, nephews, cousins, grandchildren, and other children living with the family.
- A3 This question refers only to those children still in school. R may respond for each child individually or he may give you one answer for all of them together. If he expresses "hopes" only, probe for a more definite answer.
- A4, 5 Our purpose here is to find out the degree of concern and interest the family has for their children's education so we are only interested in voluntary visits to the schools. This question need not necessarily refer to the Head of the family. It may refer to any other adult in the family who has children in school. These meetings need not be part of large organizations like the PTA; conferences with a teacher on a child's progress should also be included. Do not, however, include such things as involuntary meetings with a truant officer.

A6. Did any of the children stop going to school in 1970?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO B1)

	Person #1	Person #2
A7. Who was that?	_____	_____
	(RELATION TO HEAD)	(RELATION TO HEAD)
	(AGE)	(AGE)
A8. What was the highest grade (he/she) finished?	_____	_____
	(GRADE FINISHED)	(GRADE FINISHED)

SECTION B: TRANSPORTATION

(ASK EVERYONE)

B1. Is there public transportation within walking distance of here?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO B3)

B2. Is it good enough so that a person could use it to get to work?

---



---

B3. Do you or anyone else in the family here own a car or truck?

1. YES (GO TO B6, PAGE 3)

5. NO

B4. Does not having a car cause any difficulties?

1. YES  5. NO (TURN TO C1, PAGE 4)

B5. What are they? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(TURN TO C1, PAGE 4)

- A6, 7, 8      Again, this question refers only to those children living in the DU but is not restricted to children of the Head. By "stop going to school" we mean permanently dropped out of school or graduated and not going on for further education; if a child was out of school for a long time because of illness, he should not be included.

Section B: Transportation

- B1            Public transportation can include the city bus service, the subway, or other local train services, but should exclude local taxicab service. Also excluded are intercity carriers such as Greyhound buses unless they are used by people in that area to get to work or to shopping centers.
- B2            We want R's assessment of the quality of the public transportation, regardless of whether or not he uses it himself to get to work. Do not accept answers like "It takes 1 hour each way". "Yes" or "No" are acceptable replies.
- B3            Exclude cars or other vehicles which don't run. Include cars which the family may not own but which they have access to for their personal use, such as leased cars and those owned by a business.
- B4, 5        Here we want whatever is important to R, which may be anything from difficulty in getting to work to inability to get to a drive-in movie. If the respondent offers reasons why this is not a problem, record that also.

(IF OWNS CAR OR TRUCK)

B6. How many cars and trucks do you (and your family living here) own? \_\_\_\_\_

(ASK FOR EACH CAR OR TRUCK OWNED)

	#1	#2	#3
B7. What year model is it?			
B8. What make is it?			
B9. Is it in good, fair, or poor condition?			
B10. Is that car (truck) insured?	[ ] YES [ ] NO	[ ] YES [ ] NO	[ ] YES [ ] NO
REPEAT B7-B10 FOR NEXT CAR OR TRUCK, THEN GO TO B11			

B11. Does the car (truck) you (HEAD) drive most of the time have seat belts?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO B13)

0. DOES NOT DRIVE (GO TO B13)

B12. Do you have them fastened all the time while you are driving, part of the time, or practically none of the time?

1. ALL THE TIME

3. PART OF THE TIME

5. PRACTICALLY NONE OF THE TIME

B13. During 1970 did you (or your family) do any of your own repair work on your car(s) (or truck)?

1. YES

5. NO (TURN TO C1, PAGE 4)

B14. What kinds of things have you done on your car(s) in 1970?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

B15. About how much do you think you saved doing this last year - was it about \$25, \$50, \$100, \$200, or what?

[ ] ABOUT \$25      [ ] \$50      [ ] \$100      [ ] \$200

[ ] OTHER - \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY APPROXIMATE AMOUNT)

B16. About how much time did that take you altogether? \_\_\_\_\_  
(HOURS)

- B6 This is simple - just write in the number of cars and trucks, remembering to omit those not now in running order.
- B7, 8, 9 Here our objective is to determine the adequacy of the family's transportation resources. A two-word reply to the make of car "Olds, F-85," is preferable to a one-word answer.
- B10 By "insured" we mean liability insurance.
- B11, 12 The car or truck the head drives most of the time may or may not be one of the cars mentioned in B7-10; it may be a vehicle to which he has access only during the course of his job. This is all right since the objective of the question is to determine how much the respondent avoids risk.
- B13, 14 Replies to B14 will be classified according to skill level, so record all the detail the respondent offers. Adequate responses include "points and plugs and change the oil", "ground the valves", "put in new rings and bearings", "overhauled transmission", "fixed brakes".
- B15, 16 The suggested amounts are to indicate that rough ranges are adequate. The amount saved is the difference between what it cost R to do the job (cost of the parts) and what it would have cost if a garage had done it; i.e., the amount saved equals what it would have cost in a garage minus the cost of the parts.
- We want to know how much time it took for these repairs so that we can estimate an hourly wage rate for the do-it-yourself work.

SECTION C: HOUSING

- C1. How many rooms do you have here for your family (not counting bathrooms)? \_\_\_\_\_
- C2. Do you own this (home/apartment), pay rent, or what?

1. OWNS OR IS BUYING

5. PAYS RENT (GO TO C10, PAGE 5)

8. NEITHER OWNS NOR RENTS (GO TO C13, PAGE 5)

↓  
(IF OWNS OR IS BUYING)

C3. How much did all your utilities like heat and electricity cost you last year - was it less than \$100, \$100 to \$200, \$200 to \$300, \$300 to \$400, or what? (IF TRAILER, INCLUDE LOT RENT)

- LESS THAN \$100     \$100-\$200     \$200-\$300     \$300-\$400
- OTHER \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY APPROXIMATE AMOUNT)

C4. Could you tell me what the present value of this house (farm) is - I mean about what would it bring if you sold it today? \$ \_\_\_\_\_

C5. Do you have a mortgage on this property?

- 1. YES     5. NO (TURN TO C18, PAGE 6)

C6. How much are your monthly mortgage payments?

	<u>1st Mortgage</u>	<u>2nd Mortgage</u>
	\$ _____	\$ _____

C6a. Do your payments include property taxes?

- 1. YES     5. NO

C6b. Do your payments include insurance premiums?

- 1. YES     5. NO

C7. About how much is the remaining principal on this mortgage?

	<u>1st Mortgage</u>	<u>2nd Mortgage</u>
	\$ _____	\$ _____

(IF DON'T KNOW)

C8. About how many more years will you have to pay on it?

_____	_____
(YEARS)	(YEARS)

C9. Do you also have a second mortgage?

- 1. YES (ASK C6-8, FOR SECOND MORTGAGE)     5. NO (TURN TO C18, PAGE 6)

(TURN TO C18, PAGE 6)

Section C: Housing

C1 Include only whole rooms, e.g., kitchens, bedrooms, dining rooms, living rooms, permanently enclosed sun porches of substantial size, finished basement or attic rooms, or other rooms suitable or used for living purposes and rooms used for office purposes by a person living in the DU. Count as only one room a combined kitchenette and dinette separated only by shelves or cabinets.

Exclude bathrooms, strip or pullman kitchens, halls or foyers, alcoves, pantries, laundries, closets or storage space, unused basement or attic rooms not suitable for living quarters, rooms subleased for office purposes by a person not living in the dwelling unit.

C2 1. Where two unrelated family units are co-owners of a DU or share the rent, please note this on the questionnaire.

2. If R is buying a home by making mortgage payments, check "OWNS" or "IS BUYING" box.

3. Some examples of families who neither own nor rent the DU they live in are:

a) Janitors, domestic servants, farm laborers, etc., who receive living quarters as part of their pay.

b) People who live in houses or rooms provided rent-free as a gift from someone.

c) People who have sold their house but have not yet moved at the time of the interview.

C3 Utilities include heat, electricity, water, sewer charges, but not telephone costs. Include bills for fuel like wood, coal, and kerosene. Encourage R to make a rough estimate on this even if he does not know the precise amount. If the costs cover two homes, each for part of a year, that is all right. Trailer lot rental should also be included here.

- C4            We want R's estimate of what he would get if he were to sell his house now, but NOT under conditions of forced sale. Include the land value.
- For farmers and ranchers, include value of the land and other buildings with the house.
- C5            If R took out a mortgage when he bought his home but has paid it off, "NO" should be checked.
- If R mentions having a land contract or deeds of trust, "YES" should be checked.
- C6            If the payment is not monthly give us the amount and the time period.
- C6a, 6b       If the R when replying to these questions volunteers the amount of the property tax or insurance component of his mortgage payments, please record them.
- C7, 8         Get amount still owed on the principal, not original loan nor the total remaining payments, which include interest.
- C9            Sometimes two mortgages exist on one's house. For example, part of the down-payment may be borrowed on a second mortgage, a person who already has one mortgage on his home may be able to take out another mortgage to obtain cash.

(IF PAYS RENT)

C10. About how much rent do you pay a month? \$ \_\_\_\_\_

C11. Do you pay for any of the utilities like heat and electricity yourself?

YES  NO (TURN TO C18, PAGE 6)

C12. (IF YES) How much did they cost you altogether last year - was it less than \$100, \$100 to \$200, \$200 to \$300, \$300 to \$400, or what?

LESS THAN \$100  \$100-\$200  \$200-\$300

\$300-\$400  OTHER - \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY APPROXIMATE AMOUNT)

(TURN TO C18, PAGE 6)

(IF NEITHER OWNS NOR RENTS)

C13. How is that? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

C14. Do you do some work in return for your housing? (What?)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

C15. How much would it rent for if it were rented? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_  
(MONTH, YEAR)

C16. Do you pay for any of the utilities like heat and electricity yourself?

YES  NO (TURN TO C18, PAGE 6)

C17. How much did they cost you altogether last year - was it less than \$100, \$100 to \$200, \$200 to \$300, \$300 to \$400, or what?

LESS THAN \$100  \$100-\$200  \$200-\$300

\$300-\$400  OTHER - \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY APPROXIMATE AMOUNT)

(TURN TO C18, PAGE 6)

- C10            If the sample family rents with some unrelated individual(s) record only what they pay.  
If rent is paid irregularly on a "pay as I can" basis, or if the rent went up sometime during 1969, obtain R's best estimate of "an average month's rent" or what he paid for the whole year.  
If the rate given is weekly, be sure to indicate this.
- C11, 12        This is an approximate yearly amount
- C13, 14        Such housing may be part of the benefits on one's regular job -- room for a live-in servant, parsonage for a minister, etc. Or work done for housing may be a way of saving on rent, e.g., custodian in an apartment house. Find out what if anything, R does for his housing so a distinction can be made between those who get free living quarters and those who work for their housing.
- C15            Rent for a comparable house or apartment including whatever furnishings and utilities the landlord provides is what is wanted here.
- C16, 17        This is the yearly amount of utilities.

(ASK EVERYONE)

C18. Did you have any work done on the (house/apartment) during the last year, or do any work on it yourselves?

 1. YES 5. NO (GO TO C23)

C19. What was done? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

C20. Did you (or your family) do any of it?

 1. YES 5. NO (GO TO C23)

C21. What did you do? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

C22. About how much do you think you saved by doing it yourself - was it about \$25, \$50, \$100, \$200, or what?

ABOUT \$25       \$50       \$100

\$200               OTHER - \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 (SPECIFY APPROXIMATE AMOUNT)

C22a. About how much time did that take you altogether? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (HOURS)

C23. About how many people in this neighborhood do you know by name? \_\_\_\_\_

C24. Do you (FAMILY) have any relatives who live within walking distance of here?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

C25. Have you (HEAD) moved since the spring of 1970?

 1. YES 5. NO (GO TO C27)

C26. Why did you move? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

C27. Do you think you might move in the next couple of years?

5. NO (GO TO D1, PAGE 7)

(IF MIGHT MOVE  
 OR  
 WILL MOVE)

C28. Why might you move? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

- C18 Any repairs, painting, redecoration, or addition should be included here. Include work done on any house/apartment the family lived in during 1969.
- C19 Try to get enough detail so simple things can be separated from those requiring complex skills. Responses such as "installed/built kitchen cabinets", "painted the house (outside)", "fixed a broken window", are acceptable.
- C20, 21 "All of it" is an acceptable response to C21 if the answers to C19 are clear. Other acceptable replies are "All but the electrical work"; "I carried the bricks for the mason". If some of the work was done free by a friend or relative not in the household note that clearly. For instance: "I did the carpentry, a friend did the plumbing".
- C22 The value of do-it-yourself work is non-money income that we want included in our measure of economic status. The value of such work is the difference between what the job would have cost if he had hired someone else to do it, and what he actually spent in doing it himself. In most cases he will not have saved the entire cost of having someone else do the job since he had to purchase materials, etc.
- C22a The time spent on repairs is important in enabling us to approximate an hourly wage rate for at-home work.
- C23 "People" means number of adults. Accept whatever R thinks of as his neighborhood: it might be a few blocks in the city or an entire small town. The actual number of people known is the preferred reply. For example, the reply "6 people" or "20 of them" is preferred to "all of them" or "about half of them".
- C24 "Relatives" of any family member is what is meant. Be alert for R's parents or children living somewhere else. Many people think of such close kin as being family, not relatives, but they should be recorded here if they live in a different DU, but within walking distance of this family.
- C25 This question refers just to the head. If he moved into this DU since the 1970 interview - regardless of whether or not the rest of the family did - the reply should be "Yes".

C26 Get a specific answer here so we can distinguish voluntary moves from involuntary ones.

C27, 28 The following are examples of acceptable replies: "I am going to move to take a better job"; "We are going to move so that our children can attend better schools"; "I've been transferred to a plant in Georgia"; "There's a highway coming through and this place will be torn down".

SECTION D: EMPLOYMENT

D1. We would like to know about your (HEAD's) present job - are you (HEAD) working now, looking for work, retired, a housewife, or what?

- 1. WORKING NOW, OR ONLY TEMPORARILY LAID OFF
  - 2. LOOKING FOR WORK, UNEMPLOYED  
(TURN TO E1, PAGE 12)
  - 3. RETIRED
  - 3. PERMANENTLY DISABLED
  - 4. HOUSEWIFE
  - 5. STUDENT
  - 6. OTHER - \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY)
- (TURN TO F1, PAGE 15)
- (GO TO D2 IF HAS JOB, OTHERWISE TURN TO F1, PAGE 15)

D2. What is your main occupation? (What sort of work do you do?)

OCC    IND  
   

(IF NOT CLEAR) — D3. Tell me a little more about what you do.

D3a. What kind of business is that in? \_\_\_\_\_

D4. Do you work for someone else, yourself, or what?

1. SOMEONE ELSE     2. BOTH SOMEONE ELSE AND SELF     3. SELF ONLY

D5. How long have you had this job? \_\_\_\_\_

(IF 1 YEAR OR MORE, TURN TO D10, PAGE 8)

(IF LESS THAN 1 YEAR)

D6. What happened to the job you had before - did the company fold, were you laid off, or what?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

D7. Does your present job pay more than the one you had before?  
 \_\_\_\_\_

D8. On the whole, would you say your present job is better or worse than the one you had before?

1. BETTER     5. WORSE     3. SAME (TURN TO D10, PAGE 8)

D9. Why is that? \_\_\_\_\_

Section D: Employment

D1. NOTE: You will see boxes with coded phrases on them such as 

OCC

IND	

.

Ignore these; they are for the coders.

The D, E, and F sequences apply to the head of the household even if your respondent is not the head. It is crucial that you get an adequate reply to D1 since it determines whether the D, E, or F section should be asked.

Working Now, or Only Temporarily Laid Off Ask D sequence

This includes all persons who have an employer (or are self-employed) and are working now or are reasonably likely to return to work in the near future. It should include a construction worker who has a job but isn't working because of bad weather, or a factory worker who has been temporarily laid-off but will soon be going back to work. Persons out on strike and those home on sick leave should also be asked the D sequence.

Looking For Work (Unemployed) Ask E sequence

This should include all persons who are not now working and do not have an employer to whom they know they will return. Such a person must be in the market for a job though not necessarily actively so. If the Head is temporarily sick or disabled but will be in the market for a job in the future he should be asked the E sequence.

Retired, Permanently Disabled, Housewife or Student--Ask F sequence

Section F should be asked of heads of households who are not in the labor force: that is, they are not working now and are not seriously looking for a job. This includes full-time students, housewives, and persons who are retired or totally and permanently disabled. There may be some ambiguous cases such as students with part-time jobs, and housewives who may be looking for work. If in doubt in such cases, it is generally better to ask the more complete D or E sections.

D2, 3. Again, remember questions in the D-F sequence refer to the Head of the family.

1. Probe for clear, complete answers. We want to be able to distinguish among such groups as unskilled workers such as laborers, semi-skilled workers such as machine operators, and skilled workers such as plumbers or electricians, as well as among various white-collar occupations.
2. The name of the place where the Head works is inadequate for our purposes; (e.g., if he works in a bank, he may be the manager, a teller, or the janitor).
3. Avoid vague job titles which may apply to a wide range of occupations. For example, if R tells you that he is an engineer, he may:
  - a) design bridges or airplanes
  - b) operate a railroad locomotive
  - c) tend an engine in a power plant
  - or d) shovel coal into a furnace.
4. Other common, but unacceptable, answers are:

factory worker  
construction worker (laborer, machine operator, foreman, or what?)  
driver (of what?)  
nurse (registered, practical, or what?)  
sailor (officer, enlisted man, deck hand, or what?)
5. Ask D3, "Tell me a little more about what you do," when the initial response is inadequate.

D3a The answers to this question are fitted into an industrial code and are sometimes vital in determining which code a particular occupation should fit into. For instance, a laborer or a warehouse worker will do quite different kinds of things according to the associated industry type. Please bear the following points in mind:

1. It is unnecessary to find out the name of the company for which R works, but we do want to know what is done there - whether for instance, it is a manufacturing or a selling enterprise and what kind of product or service they manufacture or sell; for a business that sells things ask whether they sell wholesale, retail, or what.

Responses such as "Auto Assembly Plant," "Retail Grocery Store," "Steel Mill" or "Insurance Company" are thus quite acceptable, but responses such as "Oil Business," "Shoe Business" are not.

2. For a salesman, especially, please find out whether he is engaged in wholesale or retail trade and what he sells.

- D4 Be sure to ask this question; do not assume what the reply will be.
- D5 The length of time with the present employer, not the time at his present position within the company, if they differ, is what is wanted.
- D6 The alternatives given in the question are purposely a bit negative in hopes that the mentioned items are more acceptable as replies. Of course more positive replies are also acceptable:  
"I quit to take a better job," "I wanted to move to California."  
If the Head just entered the labor force, a reply such as "First Job" is acceptable and D7, D8, and D9 may be omitted.
- D7, 8, 9 These three questions taken together are designed to get a comparison of the new and old jobs, first on rate of pay and then on an overall basis. Appropriate sets of responses are:  
(D7) "Yes it pays a little more," (D8) "Worse," (D9) "I don't like the hours;"  
(D7) "About the same," (D8) "Better," (D9) "I like the work and there is more chance for advancement."

D10. Did you take any vacation during 1970?

1. YES

—————> D11. How much vacation did you take?

                                  
DAYS    WEEKS    MONTHS

5. NO (GO TO D12)

D12. Did you miss any work in 1970 because you were sick, or because someone else in the family was sick?

1. YES

—————> D13. How much work did you miss?

                                  
DAYS    WEEKS    MONTHS

5. NO (GO TO D14)

D14. Did you miss any work in 1970 because you were unemployed or on strike?

1. YES

—————> D15. How much work did you miss?

                                  
DAYS    WEEKS    MONTHS

5. NO (GO TO D16)

D16. Then, how many weeks did you actually work on your main job in 1970?           

(WEEKS)

D17. And, on the average, how many hours a week did you work on your main job last year?  
\_\_\_\_\_

D18. Did you have any overtime which isn't included in that?

YES

NO (GO TO D20)

D19. How many hours did that overtime amount to in 1970?           

(HOURS)

D20. If you were to work more hours than usual during some week, would you get paid for those extra hours of work?

1. YES

D21. What would be your hourly rate for that overtime?  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_ per hour (GO TO D23)

5. NO

D22. Do you have an hourly wage rate for your regular work?  
 1. YES     5. NO (GO TO D24, PAGE 9)  
(GO TO D23)

D23. What is your hourly wage rate for your regular work time? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per hour.

Questions D10-D16 should give a complete accounting of the Head's employment year. Vacation (D11), sick time (D13), unemployment time (D15), and weeks worked on the main job (D16), should add to 52 weeks. If they don't, probe to find out why.

- D10, 11. Include unpaid as well as paid vacation. Be sure to enter the figure on the proper line, i.e., if the respondent says "2 weeks" put a 2 on the middle line.
- D12, 13. Again, include paid as well as unpaid sick leave. If the Head distinguishes his own sick time from time lost because others were sick, please note. For example, "I was sick 4 days and took off a week when my wife had an operation."
- D14, 15. Unemployment means time completely without work--including no interim temporary employment. If temporary employment coincided with unemployment on the main job, please explain in the margin.
- D16. Check at this point to see that the time does indeed add up to the full year. Probe to find out why if it doesn't.
- D17, 18, 19. Note that this question applies to the main job only. Overtime in D18 means both paid and unpaid. If overtime is included in the D17 average, the reply to D18 should be "NO." The reply should be "YES" if the overtime is in addition to the hours given in D17. Be sure that the figure in D19 is an annual amount.
- D20. The reply to D20 should be "NO," if the Head's income is a fixed weekly, monthly, or annual amount, which won't be increased no matter how many hours he works in a week. If he gets paid a fixed salary plus additional pay for overtime hours, then the reply should be "YES." If he is paid a certain amount for each hour he works and can work as few or many hours as he wishes, then the reply should also be "YES."

- D21, 23. Hourly rates for overtime work are usually higher (often 1 1/2 times) than that for regular work hours, so probe if the difference between the two rates appears to be out of line.
- D22. In general, the reply to this question should be "YES" if the Head is paid on an hourly basis, but "NO" if he is paid on salary.

D24. Did you have any extra jobs or other ways of making money in addition to your main job in 1970?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO D30)

OCC

D25. What did you do? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

D26. Anything else? \_\_\_\_\_

D27. About how much did you make per hour at this? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per hour

D28. And how many weeks did you work on your extra job(s) in 1970? \_\_\_\_\_

D29. On the average, how many hours a week did you work on your extra job(s)?  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

D30. Was there more work available on (your job) (any of your jobs) so that you could have worked more if you had wanted to?

1. YES (GO TO D32)

5. NO OR DON'T KNOW

D31. Would you have liked to work more if you could have found more work?

1. YES (TURN TO D34, PAGE 10)

5. NO (GO TO D32)

D32. Could you have worked less if you had wanted to?

1. YES (TURN TO D34, PAGE 10)

5. NO

D33. Would you have preferred to work less even if you had earned less money?

1. YES      5. NO

- D24. This question refers to second jobs held simultaneously with the main job, not to main jobs held previous to the Head's current employment.
- But, if the Head has worked at a number of irregular jobs, there may be no distinction between main job and extra jobs. In such cases these questions will still serve to get more complete information on the kinds of work he does. We're interested in anything that brings in extra income, whether it is a job as a night watchman, a small home business, or time spent managing real estate or other investments. If the Head spends time profitably on extra-legal activities such as gambling or bootlegging, that is also relevant if he volunteers it.
- D25, 26. See D2, 3; the same instructions apply.
- D27. If the extra work is such that it is difficult to estimate an hourly rate, for instance, real estate management, you need not probe-- "don't know" is acceptable.
- D28, 29. Responses may fit the question framework, e.g. "3 months, for 20 hours every weekend" or they may not; e.g. "Oh, I just work on it when I have time." In the latter case probe to get an estimate of the hours spent in 1970 on extra jobs.
- D30. D30 is designed to determine whether Head had the choice of working more on his present job(s). THE "YES" REPLY SHOULD BE RESTRICTED TO DEFINITE, POSITIVE ANSWERS. "Maybe," "Never thought about it," "I don't know," should be classified as "NO."
- D31. This question asks those who didn't have a choice whether they would have preferred to work more than they did.
- D32. "Less" here means with or without a corresponding decrease in total pay.
- D33. Work less in this question means fewer hours with consequent reduction in pay. It does not refer to taking it easy on the job.

D34. About how much time does it take you to get to work each day, door to door?

\_\_\_\_\_ (ONE WAY)

[ ] NONE (GO TO D42, PAGE 11)

D35. About how many miles is it to where you work? \_\_\_\_\_ (ONE WAY)

D36. Do you use public transportation to get to work, have a car pool, drive by yourself, walk, or what?

1. PUBLIC  
TRANSPORTATION  
(GO TO D37)

2. CAR POOL  
(GO TO D38)

3. DRIVES  
(GO TO D39)

4. WALK  
(GO TO D42,  
PAGE 11)

7. OTHER  
(GO TO D40)

(IF PUBLIC  
TRANSPORTATION) →

D37. What is the total cost of a one-way trip to work?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ (ONE WAY)

(GO TO D42, PAGE 11)

(IF CAR POOL) →

D38. Do you share the driving or do you just ride?

[ ] SHARE DRIVING

[ ] RIDE ONLY (GO TO D40)

D38a. How many times a week do you drive to work on the average?

\_\_\_\_\_

(GO TO D39)

(IF DRIVES) →

D39. Do you have to pay for parking or tolls?

[ ] YES

[ ] NO (GO TO D42, PAGE 11)

D39a. How much does that cost you? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_

(GO TO D42, PAGE 11)

(IF OTHER) →

D40. Do you have to pay anything to get to work and back?

[ ] YES

[ ] NO (GO TO D42, PAGE 11)

D41. About how much do you pay? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_

(GO TO D42, PAGE 11)

- D34. We want the total time it takes the Head for a one-way trip from where he lives to where he works, including the actual travel time plus time waiting for buses, parking the car, etc.
- D35. Notice that we are interested in miles to work one way.  
Check to see if the time it takes to drive to work one way is reasonable, given the distance to work one way. (Q. D34)
- D36. If R uses two means of transportation to get to work, for instance, if he drives to the train station and then takes the train, ask both the "DRIVES" and the "PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION" sequences. These questions apply to R's current employment.
- D37. Again, the fare one way is desired.
- D38, 38a. Note carefully the skip instructions here--to the "OTHER" sequence for those who just ride and to the "DRIVES" sequence for those who sometimes drive.
- D39, 39a. Be sure to write in the appropriate time unit here, e.g.,  
\$ 5 per wk. .
- D40, 41. If R does pay something, be sure to specify if it is by the day, week, month, or year (or trip).

D42. Are there times when you are late getting to work?

1. YES → D43. About how often does that happen? \_\_\_\_\_

5. NO (GO TO D44)

D44. Are there times when you don't go to work at all, even though you are not sick?

1. YES → D45. How often does that happen? \_\_\_\_\_

5. NO (GO TO D46)

D46. Have you been thinking about getting a new job, or will you keep the job you have now?

1. THINKING ABOUT GETTING A NEW JOB

5. KEEP JOB NOW HAVE (GO TO D52)

D47. What kind of job do you have in mind? \_\_\_\_\_

D48. How much might you earn? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_

D49. Would you have to get additional training to qualify? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

D50. Have you been doing anything in particular about it?

1. YES       5. NO (GO TO D52)

D51. What have you done? \_\_\_\_\_

D52. Would you be willing to move to another community if you could earn more money there?

1. YES, MAYBE, OR DEPENDS

5. NO

D53. How much would a job have to pay for you to be willing to move? \_\_\_\_\_

D54. Why is that? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

D55. Tell me about your main job - how much choice do you have about the way you do the work?

\_\_\_\_\_

D56. Would you like more of a chance to make decisions on your job, or do you like it the way it is, or what?

1. MORE CHANCE TO MAKE DECISIONS

5. LIKE IT THE WAY IT IS

OTHER \_\_\_\_\_ (SPECIFY)

- D42, 43. This question is an indicator of how conscientious the respondent is about his work, or it may point to problems with transportation. If he offers an explanation for a "YES" reply, write it down, but don't probe.
- D44, 45. This is another aspect of conscientiousness on the job. If he gives some special reason that explains his situation, write it down, but again, don't probe.
- D46. A new job can mean with the same employer, a different employer, or plans for self-employment.
- D47, 48, 49, 50, 51. These questions will give us some feel for the amount of serious planning and thinking that R has been doing about getting another job. If he responds with vague replies to these questions, do not probe for something more specific since such forced replies would probably be meaningless.
- D52. "Move to another community" means moving far enough to be out of easy contact with his present community.
- D53. Be sure to get a time reference, e.g., "\$300" is not acceptable, but "\$300 a week" is an adequate reply. If R mentions non-money considerations, probe to get a rate of pay.
- D54. Acceptable replies range from "I'm too old to move," to "I have established my business here."
- D55. Acceptable replies here can range from "I have complete freedom," to "I'm told everything I have to do;" the reply is R's own perception of his job--hence, a physicist or garbage collector can both reasonably say that they have complete freedom.

D56            Note down any qualifying phrases R might give to the question, and probe if the reply is vague. Be sure to include the self-employed and farmers; don't assume what the reply will be. "I would like to be able to make fewer decision," is an acceptable reply to this question.

SECTION E: IF LOOKING FOR WORK, UNEMPLOYED IN Q. D1

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E1. What kind of job are you looking for? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

E2. How much might you earn? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_

E3. Will you have to get any training to qualify? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

E4. What have you been doing to find a job? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  5. NOTHING (GO TO E6)

E5. How many places have you been to in the last few weeks to find out about a job?

\_\_\_\_\_

E6. What sort of work did you do on your last job? (What was your occupation?)

\_\_\_\_\_

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\_\_\_\_\_

E6a. What kind of business was that in? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

E6b. What happened to that job - did the company fold, were you laid-off, or what?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

E7. How many weeks did you work in 1970? \_\_\_\_\_  0. NONE (GO TO E9)

E8. About how many hours a week did you work when you worked? \_\_\_\_\_

E9. How many weeks were you sick in 1970? \_\_\_\_\_

E10. Then, how many weeks were you unemployed or laid off in 1970? \_\_\_\_\_

Section E: If Looking for Work, Unemployed in Q. D1

- E1. An occupation such as "truck driver," "maid," "keypunch operator," is what is wanted here. See the objectives for D2-D3; they apply here.
- E2. Be sure to record the pay period, e.g., \$3 per hour, \$500 per month, etc.
- E3. Note any specific training that the respondent mentions, but don't probe if he gives only a vague answer; just record the vague answer.
- E4. Accept whatever the respondent mentions. We want to know what he is doing that he thinks is important to finding a job.
- E5. "Places" may be public or private employment agencies, unions, prospective employers themselves, etc.
- E6. See D2-3; the same objectives apply.
- E6a. See D3a; the same objectives apply.
- E6b. The alternatives given in the question are purposely a bit negative in hopes that the mentioned items will be more acceptable as replies. Of course more positive replies are also acceptable: "I quit to take a better job," "I wanted to move to California."
- E7. Enter here the total number of weeks actually worked in 1970.
- E8. If the Head's work schedule was irregular, be sure the total number of hours worked in 1969 can be derived from the responses to E7 and E8.
- E9. Include paid as well as unpaid sick leave. If the Head distinguishes his own sick time from time lost because others were sick, please note. For example, "I was sick 4 days and took off a week when my wife had an operation."
- E10. Check at this point to see that the time does indeed add up to the full year. Probe for the reason why, if it doesn't.

E11. INTERVIEWER: REFER TO E7, AND CHECK ONE:

WORKED IN 1970

DID NOT WORK IN 1970 (TURN TO E20, PAGE 14)



E12. On your last job, how much time did it take you to get to work each day, door to door?

\_\_\_\_\_ (ONE WAY)

NONE (TURN TO E20, PAGE 14)

E13. About how many miles was it to where you worked? \_\_\_\_\_ (ONE WAY)

E14. Did you use public transportation to get to work, have a car pool, drive by yourself, walk, or what?

1. PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION (GO TO E15)

2. CAR POOL (GO TO E16)

3. DROVE (GO TO E17)

4. WALKED (TURN TO E20, PAGE 14)

7. OTHER (GO TO E18)

(IF PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION) →

E15. What was the total cost of a one-way trip to work?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ (ONE WAY)

(TURN TO E20, PAGE 14)

(IF CAR POOL) →

E16. Did you share the driving or did you just ride?

SHARED DRIVING       RODE ONLY (GO TO E18)

E16a. How many times a week did you drive to work on the average?

\_\_\_\_\_

(GO TO E17)

(IF DROVE) →

E17. Did you have to pay for parking or tolls?

YES       NO (TURN TO E20, PAGE 14)

E17a. How much did that cost you? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_

(TURN TO E20, PAGE 14)

(IF OTHER) →

E18. Did you have to pay anything to get to work and back?

YES       NO (TURN TO E20, PAGE 14)

E19. About how much did you pay? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_

(TURN TO E20, PAGE 14)

- E12. We want the total time it took the Head for a one-way trip from where he lived to where he worked, including the actual travel time plus time waiting for buses, parking the car, etc. Be certain that R's answer is only for one way. If it took a different amount of time to get to work than to get back home, record both answers. If R did not work at the same place each day, try to get an average.
- D13. Note that we ask for miles one way. Also check to see if the time it took to drive to work one way is reasonable, given the distance to work one way. (E12)
- D14. If R used two means of transportation to get to work, for instance, if he drove to the train station and then took the train, ask both the "DROVE" and the "PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION" sequences.
- E15. This is one-way fare.
- E16, 16a. Note carefully the skip instructions here--to the "OTHER" sequence for those who just rode and to the "DROVE" sequence for those who sometimes drove.
- E17, 17a. Don't forget to write in the time unit here, e.g., \$ 2 per mo..
- E18, 19. If R did pay something, be sure to specify whether it was by the day, week, month, year, or trip.

E20. When you were working, were there times when you were late getting to work?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO E22)

E21. (IF YES) About how often did that happen? \_\_\_\_\_

E22. Were there times when you didn't get to work at all, even though you were not sick?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO E24)

E23. (IF YES) How often did that happen? \_\_\_\_\_

E24. Are there jobs available around here that just aren't worth taking?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO E26)

E25. How much do they pay? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_ (HOUR, WEEK)

E26. Would you be willing to move to another community if you could get a good job there?

1. YES, MAYBE, OR DEPENDS

5. NO

E27. How much would a job have to pay for you to be willing to move?  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_

E28. Why is that? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

E29. Tell me about your last job - how much choice did you have about the way you did the work?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

E30. Would you like a job where you have more of a chance to make decisions than you did, or did you like it the way it was, or what?

1. MORE CHANCE TO MAKE DECISIONS

5. LIKED IT THE WAY IT WAS

[ ] OTHER \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

(SPECIFY)

- E20, 21. This question gets at a small manifestation of how conscientious the respondent is about his work, or it may be an indication of problems with transportation. If he offers an explanation for a "YES" reply, write it down, but don't probe.
- E22, 23. This is another aspect of conscientiousness on the job. If he gives some special reason that explains his situation, write it down, but again, don't probe.
- E24, 25. We want to know what level of pay the respondent considers to be unacceptable. Respondent may reply, "There just aren't any jobs in the area," which is an adequate reply to E24 and, in which case, E25 need not be asked.
- E26. "Move to another community" means moving far enough to be out of easy contact with his present community.
- E27. Be sure to get a time reference, e.g., "\$300" is not acceptable, but "\$300 a week" is an adequate reply. If R mentions nonmonetary considerations, probe to get a rate of pay.
- E28. Acceptable replies range from "I'm too old to move," to "I have established my business here."
- E29. Acceptable replies here can range from "I have complete freedom," to "I'm told everything I have to do;" the reply is R's own perception of his job--hence, a physicist or garbage collector can both reasonably say that they have complete freedom.
- E30. Do note any qualifying phrases the R might give to the question, and probe if the reply is vague. Ask the question of the self-employed and farmers; don't assume what the reply will be. "I would like to be able to make fewer decisions," is an acceptable reply to this question.

SECTION F: RETIRED, HOUSEWIFE, STUDENT, PERMANENTLY DISABLED

F1. During the last year (1970), did you (HEAD) do any work for money?

1. YES

5. NO

F2. Are you thinking about going to work?

1. YES (GO TO F7)

5. NO (TURN TO F14, PAGE 16)

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F3. What kind of work did you do when you worked? (What was your occupation?)  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 F3a. What kind of business is that in? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 F4. How many weeks did you work last year? \_\_\_\_\_  
 F5. About how many hours a week did you work (when you worked)? \_\_\_\_\_  
 F6. Are you thinking of getting a new job in the next year or so?  
 1. YES (GO TO F7)      5. NO (TURN TO G1, PAGE 16)

(IF YES TO F2 OR TO F6)

F7. What kind of job do you have in mind? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 F8. How much might you earn? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_  
 F9. Would you have to get any training to qualify? \_\_\_\_\_  
 F10. What have you been doing to find a job? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_ 5. NOTHING (GO TO F12)  
 F11. How many places have you been to in the last few weeks to find out about a job?  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 F12. Are there jobs around here that just aren't worth taking?  
 1. YES      5. NO (TURN TO G1, PAGE 16)  
 ↓  
 F13. How much do they pay? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_

(TURN TO G1, PAGE 16)

Section F: Retired, Housewife, Student, Permanently Disabled

- F1. For such Heads, work may have been irregular part-time work or work on a full-time job prior to retirement or disablement. We are interested in any money earning activity during 1970.
- F2. "Going to work" can mean in the immediate or distant future, on a regular or irregular basis, or full or part time.
- F3. See D2-3; the same objectives apply.
- F3a. See D3d; the same objectives apply.
- F4, 5. We want to be able to calculate the total hours of work in 1970. If it was irregular, you may need to take down more detail. For these Heads it is not necessary to be able to account for all 52 weeks in terms of work, vacation, sickness, etc.
- F6. "New job" can mean a different position with the same employer, the same position with a different employer, or both a different job and different employer.
- F7. See D2-3; the same objectives apply.
- F8. Be sure to state pay period--\$3 per hour, \$500 per month, etc.
- F9. Note any specific training that the respondent mentions, but don't probe if he gives only a vague answer; just record the vague answer.
- F10. Accept whatever the respondent mentions. We want to know what he is doing that he thinks is important to finding a job.

- F11. "Places" may be public or private employment agencies, unions, prospective employers themselves, etc.
- F12, 13. We want to know what level of pay the R considers to be unacceptable. You should then ask F13. However, if he replies "There aren't any jobs around here," then F13 need not be asked.

F14. INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE

[ ] HEAD IS HOUSEWIFE UNDER 50

 OTHERS (GO TO G1)

F15. Do you think you might go to work sometime in the future?

 1. YES 5. NO (GO TO G1)F16. What does that depend on? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

(GO TO G1)

## SECTION G: HOUSEWORK, FOOD AND CLOTHING

(ASK EVERYONE)

G1. Are you married, single, widowed, divorced, or separated?

 1. MARRIED 2. SINGLE 3. WIDOWED 4. DIVORCED 5. SEPARATED

(GO TO G19, PAGE 17)

(Q's G2-G9 REFER TO WIFE'S OCCUPATION)G2. Did your wife do any work for money in <sup>1970</sup>~~1969~~? 1. YES 5. NO (GO TO G10, PAGE 17)

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G3. What kind of work did she do? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_G3a. What kind of business is that in? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_G4. About how many weeks did she work last year? \_\_\_\_\_G5. And about how many hours a week did she work? \_\_\_\_\_

G6. Was there more work available so that your wife could have worked more in 1970 if she had wanted to?

 1. YES 5. NO

(GO TO G8)

G7. Would she have liked to work more if she could have found more work?

 1. YES 5. NO

G8. How much time does it take her to get to work each day, door to door?

\_\_\_\_\_ (ONE WAY)

[ ] NONE (GO TO G15, PAGE 17)

G9. What does this cost her per trip? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (ONE WAY)

(GO TO G15, PAGE 17)

- F14, 15, 16. If the Head is female, especially if she has young children, there are many constraints which may keep her from working. Question F16 simply asks for her idea of the factors to be taken into account when thinking about going to work. Answers may range from child care problems, to the unavailability of job training and considerations about the kind of work.

Section G: Housework, Food and Clothing

Since many of the questions in this section apply to things that are usually the concern of the wife or some other adult female in the family, you might suggest that she help answer the questions in this section.

- G1. If you are interviewing a female head of household who says she is married, note this and, if possible, find out the circumstances of the situation.
- 
- G2, 3, 3a. See Section D, Questions D2-3,3a for objectives.
- G4,5. See the objectives for E7, 8; they are the same as those for these two questions. If the wife has an irregular work schedule, try to get an estimate of the total number of hours worked in 1969.
- G6, 7. See Section D, Questions D30-31 for objectives.
- G8, 9. We want the total time it takes the wife for a one-way trip to work from where she lives, including the actual travel time plus waiting for buses, parking the car, etc.  
We assume 5¢ a mile for driving.

G10. INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE

[ ] WIFE UNDER 65 AND DID NOT WORK IN 1970

000 ALL OTHERS (GO TO G15)

G11. If your wife wanted to work, would she be able to find a job easily?

G12. What about the next few years? Do you think your wife will go to work in the near future?

1. YES

3. DEPENDS

5. NO

G13. What does that depend on?

G14. Why is that? \_\_\_\_\_

(GO TO G15)

G15. INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE

1. HEAD MARRIED AND WIFE IS UNDER 45

5. ALL OTHERS (GO TO G19)

G16. Do you expect to have any (more) children?

5. NO

8. DON'T KNOW

1. YES

G17. Are you and your wife now doing anything to limit the number of children you will have?

1. YES

5. NO

(GO TO G19)

G18. When do you think you might have a (another) child?

(ASK EVERYONE)

G19. We're interested in the time people spend working around the house. Who does most of the housework in this family?

\_\_\_\_\_ (RELATION TO HEAD)

G20. About how much time (does he/she) (do you) spend on this housework in an average week - I mean time spent cooking, cleaning, and other work around the house?

\_\_\_\_\_ (HOURS PER WEEK)

- G10. The following Questions, G11-14, are to be asked only of families with Head and wife in the DU, and where the wife is under 65.
- G11. If the wife wasn't working in 1970, but has gotten a job since January 1, 1971, just say so in the space provided for answering this question.
- G12, 13. We are concerned here with reasons why wives might work, such as whether or not children and family obligations override financial considerations.
- G14. Answers here might be either voluntary ("We don't need more money.") or involuntary ("She's too ill.").
- G15. Note that the questions on birth control are asked only of families where husband and wife are living together in the DU and where the wife is under 45. If you prefer, you may have the wife answer these family-planning questions. Family planning is one of this study's most important measures of foresight and whether or not the family takes risks.
- G16. This question can refer to adoption; don't probe if the reply is vague--check the "DON'T KNOW" box.
- G17. "Doing anything to limit the number of children" means practice any method of birth control. We aren't interested in what the method is; don't probe.
- G18. An estimate of when is what is wanted here, such as "in a couple of years," etc.
- G19. Housework refers to things that are done more or less regularly, such as child care, cooking, cleaning, laundry, cutting grass, shoveling snow, and minor maintenance. It does not include making major improvements or large repairs.  
  
The most common reply to this question probably is "my wife," or "I do."
- G20. If it is impossible to supply a precise quantitative response to this question, a reply such as "all the time," "a few hours a day," "just a few minutes" are acceptable. Remember that this question refers to the housework done by the person mentioned in G12, not the total time spent on housework by all members of the family.

INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE

2 OR MORE PEOPLE IN FU       0. ONLY ONE PERSON IN FU (GO TO G25)

G21. Does anyone else here in the household help with the housework?

1. YES       5. NO (GO TO G25)

	Person #1	Person #2	Person #3
G22. Who is that?	(RELATION- SHIP TO HEAD)	(RELATION- SHIP TO HEAD)	(RELATION- SHIP TO HEAD)
	(AGE)	(AGE)	(AGE)
G23. About how much time does (he/she) spend on housework in an average week?	(HOURS PER WEEK)	(HOURS PER WEEK)	(HOURS PER WEEK)
G24. Anyone else?	[ ] YES (ASK G22-23 ABOVE)		[ ] NO (GO TO G25)

(ASK EVERYONE)

G25. How about help from anyone outside your household - did you (FAMILY) get any help with housework (or child care) from friends, relatives, or anyone else during 1970?

1. YES       5. NO (GO TO G30)

G26. What help did you get?	_____
G27. About how many hours would you say they helped during 1970?	_____ (HOURS)
G28. Did you pay for any of this help?	
	<input type="checkbox"/> 1. YES <input type="checkbox"/> 5. NO (GO TO G30)
G29. How much did this cost you for the year?	\$ _____

(ASK EVERYONE)

G30. How much do you (FAMILY) spend on the food that you use at home in an average week?  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_ (PER WEEK)

G31. Do you have any food delivered to the door which isn't included in that?

[ ] YES — G32. How much do you spend on that food? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_ (WEEK, MONTH)  
[ ] NO (GO TO G33, PAGE 19)

- G21. You need not include family members who occasionally perform only minor chores, such as very young children. But adults or teenagers who contribute substantial amounts of effort to housework or child care should be included. Be especially alert for extra family members helping with housework when there are large numbers of small children and/or where there is only one parent in the family, and where the wife works for money.
- G22, 23, 24. If the reply to G22 is "The children," ask R which ones so we can get a weekly total for each child. "Anyone else" can include any family member, not just children.
- G25-29. This can include irregular help such as emergency care for someone in the family who was ill, regular child care that is needed because the wife or some other adult female in the family works, maid service, etc. Nursery school when the mother or responsible adult female works for money should also be included. Only a rough estimate of the number of hours is needed in reply to G27.
- G30. Note that G30 asks for a weekly figure for the family. It should not include the amount spent on food eaten at restaurants or drive-ins, nor should the amount include expenditure on items such as toothpaste, soap, paper towels, etc., which are often purchased when food is purchased. If the weekly food bill seems unreasonably high or low to you, probe to find out why. R might have answered in terms of a month or a day instead of a week or he might have included large amounts of nonfood items or money spent on food eaten at restaurants. This figure is important, so please be sure the respondent understands exactly what is meant.
- G31, 32. We want to get an accurate measure of the total amount spent on food. Sometimes people do not include the food delivered to the door in their answer to G30, so we want to ask this sequence.

G33. How about alcoholic beverages - how much do you (FAMILY) spend on that in an average week?  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_ (PER WEEK) [ ]NONE (GO TO G35)

G34. Is that included in the food bill?  
[ ]YES [ ]NO

G35. Do (any of) you smoke cigarettes?  
[ ]YES [ ]NO (GO TO G38)

G36. About how many cigarettes do you (FAMILY) smoke in a day or week?

\_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_  
(CIGARETTES, PACKS, OR CARTONS) (DAY, WEEK)

G37. Is that included in the food bill? [ ]YES [ ]NO

G38. Do you (or your family) get meals at work or at school?

[ ]YES [ ]NO (GO TO G42)

G39. About how much do all these meals cost you (FAMILY) in an average week?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ (PER WEEK) [ ]FREE, NO COST  
(GO TO G41)

G40. Were any of these meals free, or at reduced cost?

[ ]YES [ ]NO (GO TO G42)

G41. About how much do you think these free meals saved you last year - was it about \$25, \$50, \$100, \$200, or what?

[ ]ABOUT \$25 [ ]\$50 [ ]\$100 [ ]\$200 [ ]OTHER \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY APPROXIMATE AMOUNT)

G42. About how much do you (FAMILY) spend in an average week eating out, not counting meals at work or at school?  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_ (PER WEEK)

- G33. Alcoholic beverages include beer, wine, and liquor.
- G34. By "included in the food bill" we mean whether included in the amount in G30.
- G35, 36. Be sure to note whether the respondent is answering in terms of cigarettes, packs, or cartons and per day or week by writing or circling the appropriate word. We are interested in the amount smoked by the entire family. We aren't interested in pipe or cigar smokers, so you need not probe for them.
- G37. See G34; the same instruction applies.
- G38-41. "Get meals" at work or at school means either buying them or getting them free. Exclude meals that the person brings from home, since these already should be included in the weekly food bill (G30). Persons likely to be getting free meals include employees of restaurants, maids, school children, and those in the armed forces. Note that G41 asks the amount saved, which means the difference between what they would have cost minus what they did cost, if only some fraction of it was free.
- G42. This amount should include the amount the family spends in an average week, but should exclude food expenditures arising from special events such as parties, wedding receptions, etc. This can include meals eaten by the entire family together or the amounts spent by various individuals separately.

G43. Did you (FAMILY) raise any of your own food during 1970, or do any canning or freezing?

YES  NO (GO TO G45)

G44. About how much did that save you in 1970 - was it about \$25, \$50, \$100, \$200, or what?

ABOUT \$25  \$50  \$100  \$200  OTHER \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY APPROXIMATE AMOUNT)

G45. Did you (FAMILY) use any government food stamps (commodity stamps)?

YES  NO (GO TO G48)

G46. How much did you pay for the stamps? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_  
(WEEK, MONTH)

G47. How much food could you buy with the stamps? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per \_\_\_\_\_  
(WEEK, MONTH)

G48. Did you (FAMILY) get any (other) free food during 1970?

YES  NO (GO TO G50)

G49. About how much would you say that was worth in 1970 - was it about \$25, \$50, \$100, \$200, or what?

ABOUT \$25  \$50  \$100  \$200  OTHER \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY APPROXIMATE AMOUNT)

G50. INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE

2 OR MORE PEOPLE IN FU  ONLY ONE PERSON IN FU (GO TO H1, PAGE 21)

G51. How many days a week does the family sit down and eat the main meal of the day together?

\_\_\_\_\_

- G43, 44. Farmers and families living in rural areas often save substantial amounts by raising their own food. If R is unable to estimate the amount saved, ask him what he grew, or how much canning and freezing he did.
- G45, 46,  
47. The objective here is to get the amount the family saves on food by using food stamps, which should be the difference between the amount paid for the stamps and the amount of food that those stamps can buy (G47 minus G46); hence the amount given in G46 should be smaller than that in G47.
- G48, 49. Free food can include that given by welfare, charitable organizations, friends, employers, relatives, etc. It should not include purchases of food made with government food stamps, nor should it include home grown food.
- G50, 51. A quantitative reply to G51 such as "every day" or a less precise reply such as "once in a while" are both acceptable. We are asking this question to get an indication of the cohesiveness of the family unit. The term "family" refers to all the FU's members.

SECTION H: INCOME

(ASK EVERYONE)

To get an accurate financial picture of people all over the country, we need to know the income of all the families that we interview.

H1. (INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE)

1. FARMER, OR RANCHER

5. NOT A FARMER OR RANCHER (GO TO H5)

H2. What were your total receipts from farming in 1970, including soil bank payments and commodity credit loans? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ A.

H3. What were your total operating expenses, not counting living expenses? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ B

H4. That left you a net income from farming of? A-B= \$ \_\_\_\_\_ A-B

H5. Did you (R AND FAMILY) own a business at any time in 1970, or have a financial interest in any business enterprise?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO H8)

H6. Is it a corporation or an unincorporated business, or do you have an interest in both kinds?

1. CORPORATION (GO TO H8)

2. UNINCORPORATED

3. BOTH

8. DON'T KNOW

H7. How much was your (FAMILY's) share of the total income from the business in 1970 - that is, the amount you took out plus any profit left in?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

(ASK EVERYONE)

H8. How much did you (HEAD) receive from wages and salaries in 1970, that is, before anything was deducted for taxes or other things?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

Section H: Income

Family income is, of course, this study's single most important measure of economic status. Thus it is important that you try to get complete and accurate responses. If the respondent is reluctant to answer some of the income questions, explain that this is an important part of the study and that neither our interviews nor individual interview data are available to the Internal Revenue Service or to anyone else. They are held in strictest confidence. If you should be asked why we do not obtain income information elsewhere, you should explain that neither we nor anyone else have access to individual income tax returns. Such information is strictly confidential and is not released by the Internal Revenue Service for research purposes.

Below are some guides to follow when asking income questions where the family composition changed between 1970 and 1971.

1. If last year's Head married in 1970 or 1971, consider the FU as having the same composition all through 1970 (and 1971) as it had at the time of the interview. So if the current Head married in June 1970, get the entire 1970 income for both husband and wife, i.e., include wife's income before they were married.
2. If some member of the FU in 1970 died, get his 1970 income.
3. If some member of the FU in 1970 moved out, get his 1970 income up until the time he left. Hence if R's son moved out of the DU in September to go to college, get the son's 1970 income through August.
4. Likewise if someone moved into the FU, get his 1970 income for the number of months he was there in 1970.
5. And if the family is a splitoff from the original family, consider the splitoff as having the same composition as it had at the time of the interview. (See 1 above.)

H1. A farmer for our purposes is anyone whose main source of income is farming whether or not he did any actual work for the earnings. We consider "rancher" and "farmer" synonymous terms.

Farm income for nonfarmers should be picked up in H11b.

H2. The following are included here as receipts from normal farming operations:

- 1) money from sale of cash crops
- 2) receipts from the sale of livestock, dairy products, poultry, eggs, fruits, and vegetables
- 3) soil bank payments
- 4) receipts from commodity credit loans

Do not include as farming receipts:

- 1) money from sale of land--this is not income
- 2) rent from tenant farmers
- 3) crop loans--this is not income

H3. Farm operating expenses may include:

- 1) expenses for feed, seed, lime, fertilizer, insurance, fuel, tires, repairs to trucks and farm machinery, rent for machinery, crop storage, irrigation water, ginning, veterinary expenses, etc.
- 2) livestock purchases
- 3) wages for employees
- 4) custom work (price paid for work done by a man who brings his own machinery)
- 5) depreciation
- 6) interest on loans
- 7) property taxes (but not Federal Income Taxes)

H4. Simply defined, farm income equals total receipts less operating expenses. Doing the subtraction and then asking H4 will enable you to discover omissions and correct errors.

H5. The respondent need not be a businessman for this question to be appropriate. The business may be something like a small beauty shop in which his wife has a part interest. The key feature is that the respondent (or family) has money invested in the enterprise.

H6. If the respondent does not seem to understand the question, check "Don't Know." If R says he owns stock in a large corporation, check "corporation" but note in the margin that he just owns stock. Be sure to ask H11c clearly for such persons.

H7. The figure should include the total profits from the business in 1970 including that which may be accounted for as the Head's salary. If R gives separate figures for salary and other business profits, write them both down, with identification. If the wife or other member of the family is paid wages or a salary by the business, that should also be labeled and included here.

H8. This question applies only to the 1971 Head of the FU. For most wage earners this is the income reported on one's W2 form(s). It should include income from a second job if the Head had one.

Be careful of these:

- 1) Fixed salary rates: If the Head makes \$7,000 a year, this need not mean that he actually made \$7,000 in 1970. He may, for example, have had a raise in September or have started work after graduating from college in June. We want total 1970 income--not the current salary rate.
- 2) Complicated work history: If the Head had several jobs and was unemployed during part of the year, you may have to help him reconstruct his income.
- 3) Businessmen: The wages and salaries that unincorporated businessmen pay themselves should not be listed here--this should be recorded in H17. However, wages they get from some other job should be included here.

Make sure if an amount is given for both H7 and H8 that it is not the same figure recorded twice. Probe to find out in these cases.

H9. In addition to this, did you have any income from bonuses, overtime, or commissions?

YES

NO (GO TO H11)

H10. How much was that? \$ \_\_\_\_\_

H11. Did you (HEAD) receive any other income in 1970 from:

(IF "YES" TO ANY  
ITEM, ASK "How  
much was it?"  
ENTER AMOUNT AT  
RIGHT)

(IF "NO"  
ENTER "0")

- |   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
| a) professional practice or trade?                          | \$ _____ per _____ |
| b) farming or market gardening,<br>roomers or boarders?     | \$ _____ per _____ |
| c) dividends, interest, rent,<br>trust funds, or royalties? | \$ _____ per _____ |
| d) ADC, AFDC?   | \$ _____ per _____ |
| e) other welfare?   | \$ _____ per _____ |
| f) Social Security?   | \$ _____ per _____ |
| g) other retirement pay, pensions,<br>or annuities?         | \$ _____ per _____ |
| h) unemployment, or workmen's<br>compensation?              | \$ _____ per _____ |
| i) alimony? Child support?                                  | \$ _____ per _____ |
| j) help from relatives?                                     | \$ _____ per _____ |
| k) anything else? _____                                     | \$ _____ per _____ |
|   | (SPECIFY)          |

H12. Did anyone (else) not living here now help you (FAMILY) out financially - I mean give you money, or help with your expenses during 1970?

YES

NO (GO TO H14, PAGE 23)

H13. How much did that amount to last year? \$ \_\_\_\_\_

- H9, 10. Note the phrase "In addition to this." If Head has already included some or all of his income from these sources in H8, just note that; there is no need to separate it.
- H11. In answering Questions H11a-11k it is very important to state whether the amounts given are weekly, monthly, annual, or what, and their duration in 1970. So if R says "\$400," ask if this is per week, month, or year. And if he says anything other than "per year," probe to find out the duration. For example, "\$400 per month for 8 months" is acceptable, while "\$400 per month" is inadequate since it is the annual total we want.
- H11a. 1) Income BEFORE TAXES but AFTER EXPENSES is what is wanted here.  
2) Examples of PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE are:  
Self-employed doctors, lawyers, certified public accountants, etc. Income from consulting for a business firm or government is also included here.  
3) TRADE - examples:  
Self-employed plumbers, radio-repairmen, etc.; a carpenter may receive wages from a construction company and do independent work in the evenings--and the latter is included here.
- H11b. 1. FARMING OR MARKET GARDENING: If farming is R's primary occupation, his income should come in H2-4 and not be duplicated here, but if he receives most of his income from a source other than farming and some from a small farm, you should include the amount from farming here.  
  
Income from renting farm property is "rent" not "farming" income, however.  
2. ROOMERS OR BOARDERS: Money paid for rent, room or board between members of the Head's FU is not included as income here.
- H11c. 1. DIVIDENDS: Dividends are the amounts paid to owners of stock in corporations. If R is the owner of a small incorporated business, the salary he paid himself should be entered under H8. He may also have taken profits out of the business by paying a dividend to himself on his common stock. These dividends and also income received on any other stocks he may own belong here. "Dividends" on insurance policies are not income and should not be included.  
2. INTEREST: Receipts here include primarily income from government and corporate bonds, all kinds of savings accounts, mortgages owned as well as interest received on personal loans made.

3. RENT: In addition to his own home R may own other real estate that he rents to others. The income should be net, i.e., after deducting expenses and janitorial services, heat, light, and water, real estate taxes (but not income taxes), minor repairs (but not major additions).
4. TRUST FUNDS: A trust fund is money invested by a person or group of persons for another person known as a beneficiary. If R is a beneficiary, these payments belong here.
5. ROYALTIES: These include such things as payments for the use of property for mining or drilling oil wells, use of copyrights and inventions and payments to authors when copies of their books are sold.

H11d. ADC is Aid to Dependent Children, while AFDC is Aid to Families of Dependent Children. Both are public welfare programs and administered by States, counties, or large cities, but generally supported by Federal grants-in-aid. These two programs cover more individuals than any other single public welfare program. ADC covers needy mothers with young children who have no husband, while AFDC covers where the father is present in the household but unemployed. Even though ADC and AFDC are supported by Federal Grants-in-aid there is great variation among the 50 states in the number of dollars received by those covered under this program.

We are very interested in getting a fairly good estimate of the importance of this form of welfare, as distinct from all other types of welfare, so make sure that if the family is covered by a number of programs that the dollar amount for this program is separate from all other forms of public welfare.

H11e. Other welfare includes all other Public programs contingent upon the individual's (family's) showing need. Included here are the following:

1. OAA (Old Age Assistance - do not confuse with OASDHI.)  
OAA is for persons 65 or older who are not working and who find that they are not eligible for Social Security or some other retirement pension or find that the benefits to which they are entitled under these programs are smaller than what is needed for survival.
2. AB (Aid to the Blind)
3. APTD (Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled)  
This program covers those who find themselves unable to work because of disability, but yet unable to collect a pension, or for some reason ineligible to collect benefits under the Social Security's Disability Benefit Program.
4. General Assistance. This is the catchall covering the needy who are not eligible for any of the above "categorical" welfare programs. Most of the funds here come from the states or the local units of governments themselves, with no Federal Government participation.

H11f. Unlike public welfare, benefits received under Social Security are one's by right so long as you do not earn too much in the way of wages and salaries; the scale of benefits is based on the amount one contributes to these programs before collecting benefits. OASDHI is the abbreviation for all benefits coming under the Social Security Program, (Old Age, Survivors, Disability, and Health Insurance). Generally, there are three types of regular benefits, not counting medicare.

- 1) benefits paid to those 65 or older who are "insured" and retired. Such benefits are paid to anyone who has paid the Social Security tax for a specified time period.
- 2) Workers 50 or older who become disabled, as well as certain groups of disabled children are eligible for disability benefits.
- 3) Survivors' benefits are paid to widows (and widowers) whose spouse was covered. Unmarried children under 18 are also paid a certain allowance.

H11g. OTHER RETIREMENT PAY: Some retired people will be receiving deferred compensation from funds set up by companies for their employees.

PENSIONS: Private pensions from previous employers will be the main income source which fits in here. There are also various types of armed service benefits and state government pensions. Military pensions include:

- a) Disability pension - for a permanent injury received while in military service.
- b) Retired serviceman's pension - an officer or an enlisted man is eligible for such a pension after 20 years service, even though he may be under 40 years old.
- c) Educational benefits - enter only payments made directly to R, not those paid to an educational institution.
- d) Family allotments - dependents of servicemen on active duty receive these allotments from the government. If R has told you that her son or husband is in service, be alert for an answer here.

ANNUITIES: Pay received from a retirement insurance (annuity) policy will go into this category, usually financed personally.

- H11h. 1. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION: All 50 states participate in this program which is administered by the states, with the funds coming mostly from employer contributions and the Federal Government. Even though all states cover workers, there is a great variation between states in the amount of benefits. Such compensation covers those working only in enterprises of a certain minimum size. Agricultural workers, family workers, domestic servants in private homes, and the self-employed are usually ineligible for these benefits.
2. WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION: This is a program which is entirely state administered with no participation or standard setting from the Federal Government. Benefits are paid to a worker if he incurs an injury in connection with his job. Among the 50 states there is wide variation in coverage, i.e., some states cover only those engaged in hazardous occupations, some exclude government employees.
- H11i. ALIMONY: Income to a divorced or separated woman should be included here. If she is also receiving child support payments, note these too. Be careful that child support is not confused with AFDC payments which should be recorded in H11d.
- H11j. Relatives include related family members who live outside the DU. Allotment to a family because of service connected employment should be included here.
- H11k. 1. TRAINING PROGRAM ALLOWANCES: Various Manpower Development Acts provide vocational training to individuals, as well as paying them subsistence allowances. Unemployed teenagers are sometimes receiving this form of income, which should be included.
2. ILLEGAL SOURCES OF INCOME: This is indeed income and we would be happy to have it if R mentions it.
3. Be sure there is no double-counting here.
- H12, 13. Note that these questions apply to the entire family, not just the head, and can include irregular amounts of income from unrelated individuals who live outside the DU. It can include such assistance as payment of bills as well.

H14. INTERVIEWER: REFER TO H11d AND H11e AND CHECK ONE

INCOME FROM WELFARE OR ADC, AFDC                       NO SUCH INCOME (GO TO H17)

H15. Did welfare also help you out in any other way - like with your rent or other bills?

YES                       NO (GO TO H17)

H16. About how much did that amount to in 1970? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
(GO TO H17)

H17. INTERVIEWER: DOES HEAD HAVE WIFE IN DU?

YES, WIFE IN DU                       NO WIFE IN DU (TURN TO H20, PAGE 24)

H18. Did your wife have any income during 1970?

YES                       NO (TURN TO H20, PAGE 24)

H19. Was it income from wages, salary, a business, or what?

\_\_\_\_\_  
(SOURCE)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(SOURCE)

H19a. How much was it before deductions?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

H14, 15, 16. Ask H15-16 only of those families who had some income from welfare - either ADC or some other type of welfare. Some welfare recipients receive all their benefits in cash, while others have such things as rent paid directly to the landlord. If the family you are interviewing is on welfare and if the governmental unit pays rent for the family directly to the landlord, the amount of such payments in 1970 should be included here. Vouchers given to welfare clients for purchase of specific items should also be included here. For instance, if the family is given a voucher for the purchase of shoes for the children, the value of such vouchers received in 1970 should be included here. Medical expenses paid directly to a doctor or hospital need not be included.

- H17, 18, 19, 20.
1. Make sure the wife's income from all sources is recorded.
  2. It is a common practice for an owner of common stock to list some of his shares in his wife's name. So if R has indicated that he is an owner of stocks or corporate bonds, be alert to dividend or interest income in the wife's name.
  3. If some or all of the wife's income is from work in the family business it may already be included in H7. If so, note "included in business income" in the margin.

[ ] CHECK IF NO ONE OTHER THAN HEAD AND WIFE IN FU DURING 1970 (TURN TO H33, PAGE 26)

H20. Did anyone else living here in 1970 have any income?  
(INCLUDE FU MEMBERS WHO HAVE MOVED OUT SINCE LAST INTERVIEW)

[ ] YES [ ] NO (TURN TO H33, PAGE 26)

H21. Who was that? (ENTER RELATION TO HEAD AND AGE AT RIGHT)

RELATION TO HEAD AGE

H22. About how much did that amount to in 1970?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

H23. Was that from wages, a pension, a business or what?

(SOURCE)

IF WAGES OR BUSINESS

H24. What kind of work did (he/she) do?

(OCCUPATION)

H25. Can you tell me about how many weeks (he/she) worked?

(WEEKS)

H26. About how many hours a week was that?

(HOURS)

H27. (IF DON'T KNOW) Was that more than half time?

H28. Did (he/she) have any other income?

[ ] YES [ ] NO (GO TO H31)

H29. What was that from?

(SOURCE)

H30. How much was that last year?

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

H31. Does (he/she) share in the family's expenses or what?

H31. \_\_\_\_\_

H32. Is (he/she) likely to move away within the next few years?

\_\_\_\_\_

GO BACK TO H20 FOR 2nd, etc. ADDITIONAL MEMBERS

The income of family members other than the Head or wife should be included in H20-32. The following sequence should be asked for individuals who lived with this family any time during 1970, regardless of whether they are adults or children, and regardless of whether or not they are still in the FU at the time of the interview.

- H20, 21. This question applies to everyone in FU except HEAD and WIFE, including cases where the former head moved out of the FU between the 1970 and 1971 interviews. Be sure to identify other FU members by both relationship to HEAD and age in H21, e.g. "SON, 18." If you think some family members are working for nothing on a farm or in a family business, ask H21-23 anyway.
- H22. Enter the amount in dollars here.
- H23. The most common source here will be wages, whether from regular employment or odd jobs. Retired or disabled adults in the household are likely to have income from Social Security or other pension plans. Children under 18 may also have income under various provisions of the Social Security law. This should be listed here if it has not already been included in H11f. Income from interest, dividends, and trust funds should also be included.
- H24. The occupation for these individuals need not be so specific as that for heads and wives.
- H25, 26, 27. If the employment of this individual was irregular, try to get an estimate of the total number of hours worked in 1970. "More than half time" here refers to the average over the year.
- H28, 29, 30. Income here refers to amounts in addition to that recorded in H22. The objective here is to make sure we have total income for all family members.
- H31. "YES" or "NO" is adequate here. Sharing means offering a substantial portion (roughly half or more) of one's income to the total family.
- H32. "Move away" means move into another DU. "Within the next few years" is purposely indefinite to allow for different planning horizons. "YES" or "NO" is sufficient.

YES

NO (TURN TO H33, PAGE 26)



RELATION TO HEAD

AGE

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

(SOURCE)

(OCCUPATION)

(WEEKS)

(HOURS)

YES

NO (TURN TO H33, PAGE 26)



RELATION TO HEAD

AGE

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

(SOURCE)

(OCCUPATION)

(WEEKS)

(HOURS)

YES

NO (TURN TO H33, PAGE 26)



RELATION TO HEAD

AGE

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

(SOURCE)

(OCCUPATION)

(WEEKS)

(HOURS)

YES

NO (GO TO H31)



(SOURCE)

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

H31.

YES

NO (GO TO H31)



(SOURCE)

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

H31.

YES

NO (GO TO H31)



(SOURCE)

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

H31.

This page is a repetition of the previous one, in case more than one extra person had any income. Use extra paper if 5 or more others had income.

26 (ASK EVERYONE)

H33. Did you get any other money in 1970 - like a big settlement from an insurance company, or an inheritance?

[ ] YES [ ] NO (GO TO H35)

H34. How much did that amount to? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

H35. Now thinking of your (family's) total income--including everything--was it higher in 1970, or higher the year before, in 1969?

1. HIGHER IN 1970

5. HIGHER IN 1969

3. NO CHANGE (GO TO H37)

H36. Why was that? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

H37. What about your (family's) expenses, were they unusually high in 1970 - for example because of illness, accident, big repairs or purchases?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO H39)

H38. Why was that? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

H39. In general, would you say things were better for you (and your family) in 1970, or were they better the year before, in 1969?

1. BETTER IN 1970

5. BETTER THE YEAR BEFORE, IN 1969

3. NO DIFFERENCE (GO TO H42)

H40. Why was that? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

H41. Were they a lot better, or just a little better?

1. A LOT BETTER

2. JUST A LITTLE BETTER

H42. What about the next few years - do you think you (and your family) will be better off, or worse off, or what?

8. DON'T KNOW (GO TO H44, PAGE 27)

H43. Why is that? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- H33, 34. Record here payments received by the FU that are not income. Include insurance settlements received which are for "pain and suffering," life insurance payments, etc. Other things to be included are inheritances of money, large gifts from someone outside the household, scholarships, or money from repayment of a loan to someone in the family by someone outside the family. Money from the sale of property should also be included. The amount given in H34 should be the total of such amounts for all members of the household.
- H35, 36. Make sure R refers to the family's income, not expenses, and that he compares 1969 income with 1970 income.
- H37, 38. Here we are interested in the family's expenses during 1970.
- H39, 40,  
41. Check a box. "YES" or "NO" answers are inadequate. This is a broader question since it refers to both income and expenditures and to anything else that might affect one's overall economic and noneconomic situation. The family might be better off because of fewer mouths to feed, or because the Head's job is steadier even if it does not pay more, or the Head might be making more now but be "about the same" because of the higher cost of living. Or they might be better for noneconomic reasons, e.g., "We are happier these days," "I finally left my husband," etc.
- H42, 43. This question again refers to the overall family situation, including economic as well as noneconomic considerations, but it asks R to look ahead to the next few years. If R is vague and can only give a "Don't Know" reply, just check the "Don't Know" box and don't probe.

H44. Do you help support anyone who doesn't live here with you?

YES  NO (GO TO H49)

H45. How many? \_\_\_\_\_

H46. How much money did that amount to in the last year? \$ \_\_\_\_\_ in 1970

H47. Were any of these people dependent on you for more than half of their total support?

YES  NO (GO TO H49)

H48. How many? \_\_\_\_\_

H49. Would you feel you had to help your parents or other relatives (more) if you had more money?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

H50. Do you (FAMILY) have any savings such as checking or savings accounts, or government bonds?

1. YES

5. NO

H51. Would they amount to as much as two months' income or more?

1. YES (TURN TO H53, PAGE 28)

5. NO

H52. Was there a time in the last five years when you had as much as two months' income saved up?

1. YES  5. NO

- H44, 45, 46. Questions H44-46 refer to anyone who can be claimed for tax purposes as well as any other persons who receive support from this family and live outside the household. We want the total dollar amount that the family, not just the head, contributed for outside support in 1970. Alimony and child support which an FU member pays should be included here.
- H47, 48. This question refers to dependents who can be claimed for tax purposes, such as a child in college, an aged parent in an institution, or others dependent on this FU who live outside the DU.
- H49. A "YES" or "NO" reply is adequate here.
- H50. We are interested in money available for a "rainy day." This can also include money hidden in the house and stocks and other assets that can be readily sold.
- H51, 52. If R has difficulty with the income comparison but does offer a dollar amount, record it; that is adequate. The savings should include those of all members of the family unit.

(ASK EVERYONE)

H53. Are you (HEAD) covered by some hospital or medical insurance like Blue Cross?

1. YES

5.. NO

H54. (ASK IF 2 OR MORE PEOPLE IN FAMILY)

Is the entire family covered by hospital or medical insurance?

1. YES

5. NO

(GO TO H56a)

(GO TO H55)

H55. Can you get free hospital or medical care as a veteran, through medicaid, or any other way?

1. YES

5. NO

(GO TO H56a)

Now I have a few questions about your (HEAD's) health.

H56a. Do you have any physical or nervous condition that keeps you from doing some kinds of work?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

H56b. Do you have any physical or nervous condition that limits the amount of work you can do?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

H56c. Does your health limit the work you can do around the house?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

(ASK H57-58 IF "YES" TO H56a or b or c - OTHERWISE, GO TO H59, PAGE 29)

H57. How long have you been limited in this way by your health? \_\_\_\_\_ (YEARS)

H58. Is your health getting better, or worse, or staying about the same?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- H53, 54, 55. If the Head is covered by Blue Cross, Blue Shield, Major Medical, or other contributory medical insurance, the answer should be "YES" and you should continue with H54. If the only hospital or medical insurance the FU has are the provisions in an auto insurance policy, the answer to this question should be "NO." The Head may, however, explain that he has benefits such as workmen's compensation, Medicare, veteran's medical benefits, or various programs available to welfare recipients, all of which are non-contributory. In these cases, check the "NO" box. "YES" or "NO" replies are adequate for H54 and H55.
- H56a, b. We are not interested in a disability per se, but only in the limitations and restrictions it puts on the Head insofar as working for money or carrying on everyday activities are concerned. Some Heads may be obviously handicapped but state that their condition does not limit their work. This is okay; do not press him to make him tell you that he has a physical handicap. If a disability obviously has a very serious effect on the family's economic status, you should explain this in the thumbnail.
- H56c. This question applies to all Heads and in particular to those who are not gainfully employed; for example: housewives, students, and retirees who have health limitations on the amount or kind of work they can do.
- H57. Note that the answer to this question is requested in "YEARS."
- H58. A choice of one of the three alternatives in the question is an acceptable reply.

(ASK IF 2 OR MORE PERSON FAMILY - OTHERWISE TURN TO J1, PAGE 30)

H59. Is there anyone (else) in this family who is not working or not going to school because of poor health?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO H62)

H60. Who is that? \_\_\_\_\_ (RELATION TO HEAD) \_\_\_\_\_ (AGE)

H61. Why can't (he/she) (work/go to school)? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

H62. Is there anyone (else) in this family who requires a lot of extra care?

1. YES

5. NO (TURN TO J1, PAGE 30)

H63. Who is that? \_\_\_\_\_ (RELATION TO HEAD) \_\_\_\_\_ (AGE)

H64. Why does (he/she) need this care? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

H59-64. These questions apply to family members other than the head living in the DU regardless of whether or not they are adults or children. And, if there are 2 or more individuals not going to school or work because of poor health (H60) or 2 or more requiring extra care (H63), please record them as well, even though there is only space provided for one mention.

H61, 64. The nature of the disability is an adequate reply here.

## SECTION J: TIME USE

J1. We're interested in how people spend their spare time. What things do you (HEAD) usually do in your spare time?  
\_\_\_\_\_

J2. Are you (HEAD) taking any courses or lessons?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO J4)

↓  
J3. What are they? \_\_\_\_\_

J4. About how many hours do you (HEAD) usually watch television on an average weekday?  
\_\_\_\_\_

(HOURS)

J5. How often do you (HEAD) read a newspaper -- every day, once a week, or what?  
\_\_\_\_\_

0. NEVER

J6. How often do you (HEAD) go to religious services -- once a week, once a month, less than once a month, or never?

1. ONCE  
A WEEK

2. ONCE  
A MONTH

3. LESS THAN  
ONCE A MONTH

0. NEVER

J7. How often do you (HEAD) go to social clubs or organizations? \_\_\_\_\_

J8. How often do you (HEAD) go to a bar or tavern? \_\_\_\_\_

J9. Do you (HEAD) belong to a labor union?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO J11)

↓  
J10. How much did your union dues amount to last year? \$ \_\_\_\_\_

J11. Is there anything we haven't talked about that you are doing or planning to do that might make things different for you (and your family) in the future?

1. YES

5. NO (GO TO K1, PAGE 31)

↓  
J12. Tell me about it. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Section J: Time Use

Questions J1-J11 refer to the Head of the FU.

- J1. "Spare time" should not include time spent working for pay, doing regular housework, eating, sleeping, etc. It should include time spent on do-it-yourself projects, community organizations, as well as hobbies and recreational activities. "I don't have any spare time" is an adequate reply.
- J2, 3. "Courses or lessons" can refer to practically anything--from taking college courses to bowling lessons. Include here any government or nongovernment retraining courses and on-the-job training.
- J4. By "watch" we mean give attention such that other things cannot be done. Acceptable replies include "about two hours," "all evening."
- J5. Replies such as "every day," "once a week," or "never" are acceptable.
- J6. Religious services should not include social functions that happen to be sponsored by religious organizations. But religious services sponsored by some organization such as the Salvation Army should be included.
- J7. Social clubs or organizations can include fraternal associations, political parties, religious groups, community action and neighborhood clubs, unions, veterans' groups, etc.

- J8. When asked matter-of-factly, this question rarely bothers anyone. If R volunteers night clubs, race tracks, gambling casinos, etc., you should include them here. Answers such as "rarely" or "every two weeks" are acceptable.
- J9, 10. Belonging to a union can make it easier to get a job and make the job the Head now has more secure. Second, union dues, coupled with initiation fees are quite expensive and, hence, the annual dollar outlay for such expenses are important as a cost of earning income.
- J11, 12. These two questions are purposely vague. Since we have already asked R's about their income expectations for the future, we expect them here to mention other plans they might have for the future, whether or not income related. Future plans might include marriage, moving to a new place, adding a new room to the house, taking job training courses, etc.

SECTION K: FEELINGS

(INTERVIEWER: IF RESPONDENT SIMPLY REPEATS ONE OF THE ALTERNATIVES GIVEN IN A QUESTION, CIRCLE THAT WORD OR PHRASE. "YOU" MEANS RESPONDENT IN THIS SECTION.)

K1. Here is something different - some questions about how you feel towards things.

Have you usually felt pretty sure your life would work out the way you want it to, or have there been more times when you haven't been very sure about it?

---

K2. Are you the kind of person that plans his life ahead all the time, or do you live more from day to day?

---

K3. When you make plans ahead, do you usually get to carry out things the way you expected, or do things usually come up to make you change your plans?

---

K4. Would you say you nearly always finish things once you start them, or do you sometimes have to give up before they are finished?

---

K5. How much do you like to do things that are difficult and challenging?

---

K6. Would you rather spend your money and enjoy life today, or save more for the future?

---

K7. Would you rather have a job that you like even if the chances for a raise were small, or a job you don't like which offers a good chance for making more money?

---

Section K: Feelings

Questions in this section refer to the Respondent, whether or not he/she is the Head of the family.

The purpose of this section is to measure the respondent's image of himself and some of his attitudes and feelings about life in general that may affect his economic behavior. Most of the questions give two alternatives from which the respondent selects one. We have left space to write down what the respondent says but if he simply repeats one of the two phrases, you may save time by circling the phrase he repeats and writing any additional comments he makes in the space provided.

- K1, 2,  
3, 4.      The first four questions form a scale called "sense of personal efficacy." They should create no problems unless the respondent gives a reply such as "I should plan more than I do," in which case you should repeat the question.
- K5.        This question should elicit answers varying from "very much" to "not at all." For normative replies such as "not as much as I should" you should repeat the question, emphasizing the word "like."
- K6.        "Spend," "I save enough for security and spend enough to live comfortably" are acceptable replies. "I ought to save more" is not an answer to the question, in which case you should repeat the question emphasizing the word "rather."
- K7.        For this question try to get the respondent to choose one alternative or the other, and then record any additional qualifications.

K8. Are you more often satisfied, or dissatisfied with yourself?

---

K9. Do you have some limitations that keep you from getting ahead as far as you would like?

---

K10. Do you get angry fairly easily, or does it take a lot to get you angry?

---

K11. How much does it matter what other people think about you?

---

K12. Do you trust most other people, some, or very few?

---

K13. Do you spend much time figuring out ways to get more money?

---

K14. Do you think a lot about things that might happen in the future,  
or do you usually just take things as they come?

---

K15. Do you think the life of the average person is getting better or is it getting worse?

---

K16. Are there a lot of people who have good things they don't deserve?

---

K17. What do you think is the ideal number of children for the average family?

---

---

- K8. Either alternative or a reply such as "usually satisfied" or "constantly dissatisfied" are adequate replies.
- K9. A "YES" or "NO" reply is sufficient here; we are not interested here in what his limitations are.
- K10. Do not accept normative replies such as "I shouldn't get angry as easily as I do," but try to get the respondent to say what he actually does.
- K11. Accept replies indicating intensity of feeling here, such as "a lot," "I don't give a damn about what others think," etc.
- K12. Replies such as "I trust my friends," or "I trust too many people" are not acceptable. Try to get R to select one of the three alternatives.
- K13. "YES," "NO," "All the time," "Some," "No way I can get more," are all acceptable replies.
- K14. Again, do not accept normative replies, but try to get R to select one of the alternatives.
- K15. "Better" or "worse" are adequate replies. If you get a reply in two or more frames of reference such as "There are lots of jobs around, but morality is breaking down," write this down, but then ask whether he thinks that it is better or worse overall.
- K16. "Good things" might include health, a good job, etc. "YES" or "NO" are adequate replies.
- K17. This question should elicit a normative reply such as "Two is ideal." The reply "Well, we had 4," is unacceptable; repeat the question and ask him what he thinks the ideal number is. "None" is an acceptable reply. Ask this of all respondents, regardless of whether or not they are currently married.

L1. INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE

1. FU HAS A NEW HEAD THIS YEAR

5. THIS FU HAS THE SAME HEAD AS IN 1970  
(TURN TO PAGE 3 OF COVERSHEET)

L2. Now I have some questions about your family and past experiences. Where did your father and mother grow up? (FROM BIRTH TO 18 YEARS OF AGE)

ST, CO- FA  
[ ][ ][ ][ ][ ]

Father: \_\_\_\_\_  
(State if U.S., Country if foreign) (COUNTY OR TOWN)

ST, CO- MO  
[ ][ ][ ][ ][ ]

Mother: \_\_\_\_\_  
(State if U.S., Country if foreign) (COUNTY OR TOWN)

L3. What was your father's usual occupation when you were growing up?

OCC  
[ ]

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

L4. Thinking of your first full time regular job, what did you do?

[ ]

O. NEVER WORKED

L5. Have you had a number of different kinds of jobs, or have you mostly worked in the same occupation you started in, or what?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

L6. Do you (HEAD) have any children who don't live here?

[ ] YES [ ] NO (GO TO L9)

1st [ ][ ]  
2nd [ ][ ]  
3rd [ ][ ]

L7. How many? \_\_\_\_\_ (NUMBER)

L8. When were they born? \_\_\_\_\_ (YEAR BORN) \_\_\_\_\_ (YEAR BORN) \_\_\_\_\_ (YEAR BORN) # [ ][ ]

# BY 25 [ ]

L9. Did you (HEAD) have any children who are not now living?

[ ] YES [ ] NO (GO TO L11)

L10. When were they born? \_\_\_\_\_ (YEAR BORN) \_\_\_\_\_ (YEAR BORN) \_\_\_\_\_ (YEAR BORN)

L11. How many brothers and sisters did you (HEAD) have? \_\_\_\_\_ (SPECIFY NUMBER) O. NONE (GO TO L22)

Section L: The Past

This section's questions apply to the Head of the FU.

- L1. See Page 2 of the cover sheet to see if the FU has a new Head. All Orange Cover Sheet families should be considered as having a new Head. If the 1971 Head is the same as the 1970 Head, go from here to Page 3 of the cover sheet, remembering to complete Section M of the questionnaire.
- L2. If the Head had numerous guardians while growing up, ask him about those with whom he spent the largest number of years. Note we want the state and county or nearest town where his mother and father grew up.
- L3. If the R mentions that he was not living with his father, then the question applies to the male Head of the family with whom he grew up.
- L4. See D2-3; the same instructions apply.
- L5. We are only interested in the number of occupations the Head of the family has had, not what they were. These occupations should include things at which the Head worked full time, not part-time jobs he had while in high school, etc. This question applies to all Heads regardless of whether or not they are in the labor force currently.
- L6, 7,  
8. This question refers only to the natural children of the Head: do not include step-children or foster children. If R mentions the children were adopted, note this in the margin. If R mentions more than three children, you need only ask L8 for the three oldest. If R is unable to give you the year in which the children were born but can tell you how old they are, this is acceptable but be sure to note that the answer is the age and not the year.
- L9, 10. Again this question refers only to natural children of the Head--not to step-children or foster children. Do not include miscarriages or stillbirths.
- L11. We want the number of siblings in the Head's family when he was growing up. They need not all be alive now.

(IF NEW HEAD)

L12. Do you have any brothers still living?

 1. YES (GO TO L14) 5. NO

L13. Do you have any sisters still living?

 1. YES (GO TO L18) 5. NO (GO TO L22)

(IF BROTHERS)

L14. How old is your oldest living brother? \_\_\_\_\_ (AGE)

L15. How much education does he have? \_\_\_\_\_

(IF COLLEGE) L16. Does he have a college degree? [ ] YES [ ] NO

L17. How is he doing financially - very well, all right, or not so well?

 1. VERY WELL 3. ALL RIGHT 5. NOT SO WELL

(GO TO L22)

(IF SISTERS BUT NO BROTHERS)

L18. How old is your oldest living sister? \_\_\_\_\_ (AGE)

L19. How much education does she have? \_\_\_\_\_

(IF COLLEGE) L20. Does she have a college degree? [ ] YES [ ] NO

L21. How is she doing financially - very well, all right, or not so well?

 1. VERY WELL 3. ALL RIGHT 5. NOT SO WELL

(GO TO L22)

L22. Is your religious preference Protestant, Catholic, or Jewish, or what?

 ] PROTESTANT 8. CATHOLIC 9. JEWISHOTHER \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY)

(GO TO L24)

L23. What denomination is that? \_\_\_\_\_

- L12-L21. These questions refer to the Head's oldest living brother, even if that brother is younger than the Head. In case the Head has no brothers still living, we want the information about his oldest living sister (even if she is younger than the Head).
- L22, 23. The replies to these questions are to be used as background measures. When asking for the Head's preference, do not force him to choose one of the mentioned alternatives. "NONE" is perfectly acceptable. If in reply to L22 he mentions a Protestant denomination, record that and go on to L24.

L24. Did you (HEAD) grow up on a farm, in a small town, in a large city, or what?

1. FARM 2. SMALL TOWN 3. LARGE CITY [ ] OTHER \_\_\_\_\_ (SPECIFY)

L25. In what state and county was that? (EXAMPLE: ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY)

ST, CO- H [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] (STATE) (COUNTY)

(IF DON'T KNOW TO L25) L26. What was the name of the nearest town? \_\_\_\_\_ (TOWN)

L27. What other states or countries have you lived in? (including time spent abroad while in the armed forces)

L28. Have you (HEAD) ever moved out of a community where you were living in order to take a job somewhere else?

1. YES (GO TO L30) 5. NO

L29. Have you ever turned down a job because you did not want to move? 1. YES 5. NO

L30. Were your parents poor when you were growing up, pretty well off, or what?

L31. How much education did your father have? \_\_\_\_\_

(IF LESS THAN 6 GRADES) L32. Could he read and write? \_\_\_\_\_

L33. How many grades of school did you (HEAD) finish? \_\_\_\_\_

(IF 6 GRADES OR LESS)

L34. Did you get any other training? [ ] YES [ ] NO (GO TO L41) L35. What was it? L36. Do you have any trouble reading? (GO TO L41)

(IF 7 GRADES OR MORE)

L37. Did you have any other schooling? [ ] YES [ ] NO (GO TO L41) L38. What other schooling did you have? (IF COLLEGE) L39. Do you have a college degree? [ ] YES [ ] NO (GO TO L41) L40. What degree(s) did you receive? (GO TO L41)

L41. Are you (HEAD) a veteran? 1. YES 5. NO

- L24. "Grow up" refers roughly to the period between the ages 6 and 16. If R mentions several places, tell him we want the place where he spent the most years between ages 6 and 16.  
If R replies "small city," "village," or "in the country," this is sufficient.
- L25, 26. We want the name of the county, but if R doesn't know it, ask for the name of the (nearest) town; but be sure to find out the name of the state in any case. If R grew up outside the United States, ask the name of the country in which he lived.
- L27. A person is considered to have lived somewhere if he stayed there at least three months.
- L28, 29. There are two key phrases in this question. "Moved out of a community where you were living" means moving far enough to be out of easy contact. This may be a move to the other side of a city or across the country. "In order to take another job" means just that. We are not interested here in moves made if he did not change his job at the same time. Moving to take another position with the same company does count in this instance, however.
- L30. We want the Head's subjective estimate. If he mentions that he was not living with his parents, then the question applies to the family with which he grew up. "Poor," "Average," "Comfortable," "It was the depression, but we were not poorer than anyone else," are all acceptable.
- L31, 32. If the R indicates no recollection of a male Head of family when he was growing up, omit these questions. If the Head's father died while he was very young, you may ask these questions about the male who was his step-father or guardian about the time when he was growing up.
- L33. A simple number here is adequate as are answers such as "I finished high school in night school." Some respondents may mention G.E.D.T. which is a high school equivalency certificate given by the armed forces.
- L34, 35, 37 & 38. On the basis of the answer to L33, you should ask either the sequence for 6 or less grades or 7 or more. Both sequences first ask about any additional training. This encompasses apprentice training, training under some Federal retraining program, adult education course, beauty college, university education, etc.

- L36. Inability to read is a serious handicap in filling out job applications, etc. It is likely to be relatively frequent among those with little education. "YES" or "NO" replies are adequate.
- L39, 40. These questions are asked only if respondent attended an academic college (barber, or beauty, or secretary "colleges" are simply varieties of "other training, schooling.")  
We want to know whether they graduated and what degrees they got. Appropriate answers for L40 are BS, MSW, MD, BA.
- L41. A veteran is anyone who has been a member of the U.S. Armed Services and, hence, is entitled to veteran's benefits. He need not be a war veteran.

COMPLETE THIS SECTION FOR ALL INTERVIEWSSECTION M: BY OBSERVATION ONLY

- M1. Who was present during interview? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- M2. Who was respondent (relation to head)? \_\_\_\_\_
- M3. Race?  1. WHITE  2. NEGRO  3. SPANISH AMERICAN [ ] OTHER \_\_\_\_\_  
(SPECIFY)
- M4. Number of calls? \_\_\_\_\_
- M5. How clean was the interior of the DU?  
 1. VERY CLEAN  2. CLEAN  3. SO-SO  4. NOT VERY CLEAN  5. DIRTY
- M6. How much reading material was visible in the DU?  
 1. A LOT  3. SOME  5. NONE  0. INTERVIEW TAKEN OUTSIDE DU
- M7. Were there language or other problems that made it difficult for you to interview this respondent? (IF YES, PLEASE EXPLAIN)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- M8. Does respondent have any obvious disfigurements or habits that could make it difficult for him to get a job?  
\_\_\_\_\_

(INTERVIEWER: CONSULT ROAD MAP IF NECESSARY)

- M9. Is this address inside the city limits of a city (5,000 population or more)?  
 1. YES  M10. What city is that? \_\_\_\_\_  
 5. NO (GO TO M11)
- M11. What is the nearest city of 50,000 or more? \_\_\_\_\_
- M12. How far is this DU from the center of that city (CITY IN M11)  
 1. LESS THAN 5 MILES  2. 5-14.9 MILES  3. 15-29.9 MILES  4. 30-49.9 MILES  5. 50 OR MORE MILES

Section M: By Observation Only

- M1. This should include people present long enough so that they could either be distracting or perhaps influence the replies of the respondent. Children and other adults, by relation to Head if you can tell, should be given here. "Three children in and out" is adequate.
- M2. We have asked you to interview the Head of the FU, but in cases where he will be away for the entire interviewing period, someone other than the Head may have been your respondent.
- M3. This question refers to the HEAD of the family.
- M4. Count as separate calls those that are one hour or more apart; information can be transferred from the Call Record on Page 1 of the Cover Sheet.
- M5. All that is needed here is your impression of the room you were in when taking the interview and nearby rooms that may have been visible to you. A look of chaos or temporary disarray does not necessarily imply dirtiness, so the fact that toys, newspapers, and hobbies are all over the place should not influence your reply, nor should the cost, quality, or newness of the DU or its furnishings influence your answer.
- M6. "Reading material" refers to those things which might be read by the Head and his wife. Do not include those things that obviously belong to the children like school books and comic books.
- M7. Language problems may refer to a hard-to-understand foreign accent, or illiteracy. Also include here difficulties due to hard of hearing, speech defects, senility, inability to understand questions or verbalize replies.

M8. Be especially sure to include here things that were not noted earlier in the questionnaire. Such things might be extreme obesity, unpleasant-appearing scars, a birthmark, obvious alcoholism, etc. Habits that might make it difficult for the respondent to get a job should include any types of unpleasant antisocial behavior, etc.

M9, 10,  
11, 12. NOTE that M9 asks for a city of size 5,000, while M11 asks for a city of 50,000 or more. Be sure to consult your roadmap when answering these questions. Even if after consulting your roadmap you find you don't know the answers, merely write D.K. rather than guessing. It is possible for us to ascertain this information in the office. Remember that in large metropolitan areas there are often suburban cities with populations over 50,000 and, if this is the case, we want the name of that suburban city. "Center of the city" refers to the central business district.



- M13.
1. Trailer: including those which have been set up permanently on a lot, even if additional rooms have been added.
  2. Detached single family house: a building with one DU and not attached to another dwelling.
  3. 2-Family house, 2 units side by side: often called a duplex. It usually has separate entrances for each unit.
  4. 2-Family house, 2 units one above the other: This may have been originally designed as two units, or have been converted from a 1-family house. It may or may not have separate entrances.
  5. Detached 3-4 family house: This can include a large house converted to apartments or a small apartment house.
  6. Row house: This is a single family structure with a separate entrance in a row of such units, usually attached so that they share common side walls.
  7. Apartment in a partially commercial structure: This can be an apartment located above or in back of a store or business, or living quarters that are part of one's place of business. Include also large apartment buildings with shops on the first floor.
  8. If you have any doubts, describe the structure.
- M14.
1. Check the type(s) of 3 structures that are in the respondent's immediate neighborhood on each side but not more than 100 yards away--the length of a football field. Do not include the structure in which respondent lives, houses on the other side of the street or houses in back of respondent's house which form another street.
  2. The "vacant land ONLY" category applies in cases where there is no structure within 100 yards of respondent's DU on either side. If the land is vacant only on one side of respondent's DU, then just check the appropriate box(es) for structures on the other side.
- M15.
- By "public housing project" we mean government sponsored low-rent housing. Projects are usually distinguished by a large number of units with similar, usually uninspired, architecture. The respondent is also likely to refer to it as a project during the interview.
- M16, 17,  
18.
- These questions should be answered by observation only. A dwelling unit needs major repairs if, for example, it has obvious leaks in the roof, crumbling plaster, sagging foundation, or severe need of paint. A substandard structure such as a tar paper shack should also be included as needing extensive repair.

THUMBNAIL SKETCH:

THUMBNAIL SKETCH:

Thumbnail Sketch

We would like here your overall impression of the interview situation. Please be sure to note any factors you think are important in explaining this family's economic status which may not have been covered fully in the interview.