STUDY OF FAMILY ECONOMICS
Project 457680
HEADS

SURVEY RESEARCH CENTER
INSTITUTE FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH
THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

1976

(Interview Number)

2. P.S.U. ____________________________
3. Your Interview No. ___________________
4. Date _______________________________
5. Length of Interview __________________

SURVEY RESEARCH CENTER
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1. Interviewer's Label

SECTION A: CHILDREN

(MAKE SURE PAGE 2 OF COVER SHEET IS COMPLETED BEFORE ASKING Q. A1)

A1. INTERVIEWER: SEE LISTING BOX, ON PAGE 2 OF COVER SHEET, AND CHECK ONE:

1. CHILDREN UNDER 25 IN FU DURING 1975 or 1976
5. NO CHILDREN UNDER 25 IN FU DURING 1975 or 1976

(TURN TO PAGE 2, B1)

A2. Did any of the children stop going to school in 1975 or 1976?

1. YES
5. NO

(TURN TO PAGE 2, B1)

Person #1

A3. Who was that?

(RELATION TO HEAD) (AGE)

A4. What was the highest grade (he/she) finished?

(GRADE FINISHED)

Person #2

(RELATION TO HEAD) (AGE)

(GRADE FINISHED)
SECTION III
HEADS' QUESTIONNAIRE

QUESTION-BY-QUESTION OBJECTIVES

REMINDER: NAMES OR IDENTIFYING INFORMATION OF ANY KIND MUST NEVER APPEAR IN AN INTERVIEW OR THUMBNAIL SKETCH.

A2, 3, 4 These questions refer only to those children living in the DU but are not restricted to children of the head. By "stop going to school" we mean permanently dropped out of school or graduated and not going on for further education. If a child was out of school for a long time because of illness he should not be included.
SECTION B: TRANSPORTATION

(ASK EVERYONE)

B1. Is there public transportation within walking distance of (here) (your house)?

1. YES  5. NO  (GO TO B3)

B2. Is it good enough so that a person could use it to get to work?

__________________________________________________________________________

B3. Do you or anyone else in the family here own a car or truck?

1. YES  5. NO  (TURN TO PAGE 3, C1)

B4. How many cars and trucks do you (and your family living here) own?

B5. During the last year how many miles did you and your family drive in (your car/all of your cars)?

__________________________________________________________________________

__________________________________________________________________________

(TURN TO PAGE 3, C1)
SECTION B: TRANSPORTATION

B1. Public transportation can include the city bus service, the subway, or other local train services, but should exclude local taxicab service. Also excluded are intercity carriers such as Greyhound buses unless they are used by people in that area to get to work or to shopping centers.

B2. We want R's assessment of the quality of the public transportation, regardless of whether or not he uses it himself to get to work. Do not accept answers like "It takes one hour each way." "Yes" or "no" are acceptable replies.

B3, 4. Exclude cars or other vehicles which don't run. Include cars which the family may not own but which they have access to for their personal use, such as leased cars and those owned by a business.

B5. We want the total mileage driven in all the family's cars and trucks. Include mileage of trip to work even though we ask that again later.
SECTION C: HOUSING

C1. How many rooms do you have for your family (not counting bathrooms)? _______

C2. Do you live in a one-family house, a two-family house, an apartment, or what?

1. ONE-FAMILY  2. TWO-FAMILY  3. APARTMENT  OTHER _____ (SPECIFY)

C3. Do you own the (home/apartment), pay rent, or what?

1. OWNS OR IS BUYING  5. PAYS RENT  8. NEITHER OWNS NOR RENTS
(TURN TO PAGE 4, C12)

(IF OWNS OR IS BUYING)

C4. Could you tell me what the present value of your house (farm) is --
I mean about what would it bring if you sold it today?

$ ______

C5. Do you have a mortgage on this property?

YES  NO  (GO TO C11)

C6. About how much is the remaining principal on this mortgage?

1st Mortgage $ ______

2nd Mortgage $ ______

(IF DON'T KNOW) C7. How much are your monthly mortgage payments?

$ ______

$ ______

C8. About how many more years will you have to pay on it?

_______ (GO TO C10)

C9. Do you also have a 2nd mortgage?

YES  (RETURN TO C6)  NO  (GO TO C10)

C10. Do your mortgage payments include property taxes?

1. YES  5. NO

C11. About how much are your yearly property taxes including city, county and school taxes?

$ ______

(TURN TO PAGE 4, C17)
SECTION C: HOUSING

C1. Include only whole rooms, e.g., kitchens, bedrooms, dining rooms, living rooms, permanently enclosed sun porches of substantial size, finished basement or attic rooms, or other rooms suitable for living purposes and rooms used for office purposes by a person living in DU.

Exclude bathrooms, strip or pullman kitchens, halls or foyers, alcoves, pantries, laundries, closets or storage space, unused basement or attic rooms not suitable for living quarters, rooms subleased for office purposes to a person not living in the DU.

C3. 1. Where two unrelated family units are co-owners of a DU or share the rent, please note this on the questionnaire.

2. If R is buying a home by making mortgage payments, check "OWNS OR IS BUYING" box.

3. Some examples of families who neither own nor rent the DU they live in are:
   a) Janitors, domestic servants, farm laborers, etc., who receive living quarters as part of their pay; b) people who live in houses or rooms provided rent free as a gift from someone; c) people who have sold their house but have not yet moved at the time of the interview.

C4. We want R's estimate of what he would get if he were to sell his house now, but NOT under conditions of a forced sale. Include land value.

C5. Mortgages, land contracts, and deeds of trust all get a "YES" answer to this question and are included in "OWNS OR IS BUYING," even though in land contracts and deeds of trust legal title to the house is held by the seller or a trustee.

C6. Get the amount still owed on the principal not the amount of remaining payments. Payments include interest (see C7 and C8) and sometimes property taxes (see C10 and C11).

C9. Sometimes two mortgages are taken out at the time the house is bought—for instance, part of the down payment may be borrowed on a second mortgage. Or if the house is worth more than the first mortgage and the owner should be short of money, he may take out a second mortgage as security for a loan.

C10. In some cases, city, county and school taxes are billed separately. If these bills go to the bank or holder of land contract and are included in R's mortgage or house payments, he may not know the exact answer to C11. An approximate figure is acceptable.
(IF PAYS RENT)

C12. About how much rent do you pay a month? $ ____________

C13. Is heating included in your monthly rent?
   1. YES  5. NO

C14. Is this (house/apartment) rented furnished?
   1. YES  5. NO

(GO TO C17)

(IF NEITHER OWNS NOR RENTS)

C15. How is that? __________________________________________

C16. How much would it rent for if it were rented? $ ______ per
     (MONTH, YEAR)

(GO TO C17)

(ASK EVERYONE)

C17. Have you (HEAD) moved since the spring of 1975?
   1. YES  5. NO  (GO TO C20)

C18. What month was that? ________ (MOST RECENT MOVE)

C19. Why did you move? _______________________________________

C20. Do you think you might move in the next couple of years?
     ____________________________________________  5. NO  (TURN TO PAGE 5, DL)

(IF MIGHT MOVE
OR WILL MOVE)  C21. Would you say you definitely will move, probably will
move, or are you more uncertain?
   1. DEFINITELY  2. PROBABLY  3. MORE UNCERTAIN

C22. Why might you move? ____________________________________
C12. If the rent is shared between unrelated individuals, record how much
our R pays and what proportion this is (a half, a third, or whatever)
of the total.

If rent is paid irregularly on a "pay as I can" basis, or if the rent went up some time during 1975, obtain R's best estimate of "an average months' rent" or what he paid for the whole year.

If the rate given is weekly, be sure to indicate this.

C13. Most apartment rentals include heat, most house rentals do not.

C14. We mean completely furnished--chairs, tables, beds, etc.--not just stove and refrigerator.

C15. Such housing may be part of the benefits on one's regular job--room for a live-in servant, parsonage for a minister, etc., or work done for housing may be a way of saving on rent, e.g., custodian in an apartment house. Find out what, if anything, R does for his housing so a distinction can be made between those who get free living quarters and those who work for their housing.

C16. Rent for a comparable house or apartment, including whatever furnishings and utilities the landlord provides, is what is wanted here.

C17. This question refers just to the head. If he moved into this DU since the 1975 interview--regardless of whether or not the rest of the family did--the reply should be "YES."

C18. If there have been several moves during the year, give the most recent.

C20. It is very important to us to know if plans to move are definite or vague.

C22. The following are examples of acceptable replies for definite or probable moves:

"I plan to move to take a better job;"
"We are going to move so that our children can attend better schools;"
"I expect to be transferred to a plant in Georgia;"
"There's a highway coming through and this place will be torn down."
SECTION D: EMPLOYMENT

D1. We would like to know about what you do—are you (HEAD) working now, looking for work, retired, a student, a housewife, or what?

1. WORKING NOW
2. ONLY TEMPORARILY LAID OFF
3. LOOKING FOR WORK, UNEMPLOYED
4. RETIRED
5. PERMANENTLY DISABLED
6. HOUSEWIFE
7. STUDENT
8. OTHER (SPECIFY)

(TURN TO PAGE 13, E1)

(D1) (TURN TO PAGE 16, F1)

(TURN TO PAGE 16, F1)

D2. What is your main occupation? (What sort of work do you do?)

______________________________

OCC  IND

(IF NOT CLEAR) D3. Tell me a little more about what you do.

______________________________

D4. What kind of business is that in?

______________________________
SECTION D: EMPLOYMENT

D1. NOTE: You will see boxes with coded phrases on them such as

OCC IND

Ignore these; they are for the coders.

The D, E, and F Sections apply to the head of the household even if your respondent is not the head. It is crucial that you get an adequate reply to D1 since it determines whether the D, E, or F Sections should be asked.

WORKING NOW, ONLY TEMPORARILY LAID OFF  Ask D Section

This includes all persons who have an employer (or are self-employed) and are working now or are reasonably likely to return to work in the near future. It should include a construction worker who has a job but isn't working because of bad weather, or a factory worker who has been temporarily laid off but will soon be going back to work. Persons out on strike and those home on sick leave should also be asked the D Section.

LOOKING FOR WORK, UNEMPLOYED  Ask E Section

This should include all persons who are not now working and do not have an employer to whom they know they will return. Such a person must be in the market for a job though not necessarily actively so. If the head is sick or disabled but not permanently and will be in the market for a job in the future, he should be asked the E Section.

RETIRED, PERMANENTLY DISABLED, HOUSEWIFE, STUDENT  Ask F Section

Section F should be asked of heads of households who are not in the labor force—that is, they are not working now and are not seriously looking for a job. This includes full-time students, housewives, and persons who are retired or totally and permanently disabled. There may be some ambiguous cases, such as students with part-time jobs and housewives who may be looking for work. If in doubt in such cases, it is generally better to ask the more complete D or E Sections.

D2. Again, remember questions in the D, E, and F Sections refer to the head of the family.

1. Probe for clear, complete answers. We want to be able to distinguish among unskilled workers such as laborers, semi-skilled workers such as operators, and skilled workers such as plumbers or electricians as well as among various white collar occupations.

2. The name of the place where the head works is inadequate for our purposes (e.g., if he works in a bank, he may be the manager, a teller, or the janitor.

3. Avoid vague job titles which may apply to a wide range of occupations. For example, if R tells you that he is an engineer, he may:

   a) design bridges or airplanes; b) operate a railroad locomotive; c) tend an engine in a power plant; d) shovel coal into a furnace.
4. Other common, but unacceptable answers are:

- factory worker
- construction worker (laborer, machine operator, foreman, or what?)
- driver (of what?)
- nurse (registered, practical, or what?)
- sailor (officer, enlisted man, deck hand, or what?)

5. Ask D3, "Tell me a little more about what you do," when the initial response is inadequate.

D4. The answers to this question are fitted into an industrial code and are sometimes vital in determining which code a particular occupation should fit into. For instance, a laborer or a warehouse worker will do quite different kinds of things according to the associated industry type. Please bear the following points in mind:

1) It is unnecessary to find out the name of the company for which R works, but we do want to know what is done there—whether, for instance, it is a manufacturing or a selling enterprise and what kind of product or service they manufacture or sell; for a business that sells things, ask whether they sell wholesale, retail or what.

Responses such as "auto assembly plant," "retail grocery store," "steel mill" or "insurance company" are thus quite acceptable, but responses such as "oil business," "shoe business" are not.

2) For a salesman, especially, please find out whether he is engaged in wholesale or retail trade and what he sells.
D5. Do you work for someone else, yourself, or what?

1. SOMEONE ELSE

2. BOTH SOMEONE ELSE AND SELF

3. SELF ONLY

D6. Do you work for the federal, state or local government?

1. YES 5. NO

D7. Do you supervise the work of other employees, or tell them what work to do?

1. YES 5. NO (GO TO D10)

D8. About how many people do you supervise?

(NUMBER)

D9. Do you have any say about their pay or promotion?

1. YES 5. NO

D10. Does your boss have a supervisor over him or her?

1. YES 5. NO

D11. When you work for others, do you work for the federal, state or local government?

1. YES 5. NO

D12. When you work for others, do you supervise the work of other employees, or tell them what work to do?

1. YES 5. NO (GO TO D15)

D13. About how many people do you supervise?

(NUMBER)

D14. Do you have any say about their pay or promotion?

1. YES 5. NO

D15. Does your boss have a supervisor over him or her?

1. YES 5. NO

D16. Is your own business incorporated?

1. YES 4. NO 8. DK

D17. When you work for yourself, do you employ other people?

1. YES 5. NO (GO TO D22)

D18. How many?

(NUMBER)

D19. Is your business incorporated?

1. YES 5. NO (GO TO PAGE 7, D25)

D20. Do you employ other people?

1. YES 5. NO (TURN TO PAGE 7, D25)

D21. How many?

(NUMBER)

D22. Is your current job covered by a union contract?

1. YES 5. NO (GO TO D24)

D23. Do you belong to that labor union?

1. YES 2. NO

D24. How long have you worked for your present employer?

(MONTHS) (YEARS)
In order to fit the census occupation and industry classifications, we need to know if R works for federal, state or local government, and if he is self-employed. To get an accurate picture of R's place in the occupational hierarchy, it is important to know if he supervises others, is supervised, or both.

The length of time with the present employer, not the time at his present position within the company, if they differ, is what is wanted.
D25. How much formal education is required to get a job like yours?

D26. Do you (also) have to have some work experience or special training to get a job like yours?

1. YES  5. NO  ➔ (GO TO D28)

D27. What kind of experience or special training is that?

D28. On a job like yours, how long would it take the average new person to become fully trained and qualified?

YEARS OR MONTHS

D29. Do you feel you are learning things on your job that could lead to a better job or to a promotion?

1. YES  5. NO

D30. Do you have some skills or job experience that you cannot use on your present job?

1. YES  5. NO  ➔ (GO TO D32)

D31. Do you think you might want to get a job some day which used that skill or experience?

1. YES  5. NO

D32. How long have you had your present position?

IF LESS THAN ONE YEAR IF ONE YEAR OR MORE ➔ (TURN TO PAGE 8, D38)

D33. What month did you start this job?

D34. What happened to the job you had before—did the company go out of business, were you laid off, promoted, were you not working, or what?

5. NO PREVIOUS JOB

D35. On the whole, would you say your present job is better or worse than the one you had before?

1. BETTER  5. WORSE  3. SAME ➔ (GO TO D37)

D36. Why is it (better/worse)?

D37. Does your present job pay more than the one you had before?

1. YES, MORE  5. NO, SAME OR LESS

(TURN TO PAGE 8, D38)
D25-31. We are measuring the amount of formal and/or on-the-job training needed to do R's job. As training and education may pay off differently for men and women, we hope that these questions (which are also in the wives' questionnaire) may help to explain wage differences between them.

D32. This means present position within the company rather than with the same employer, if they differ.

D33. This question was added to increase the precision of our employment data.

D34. We have mentioned negative alternatives to make it easier for respondents who have been laid off or fired to talk about it, but positive answers like, "I quit to take a better job," or "I wanted to move to California" are, of course, welcome.

D35-37. The answers to these questions should tell us if R's change in jobs improved his general well-being.
D38. Did you miss any work in 1975 because someone else in the family was sick?

1. YES  5. NO  → (GO TO D41)

D39. Was that your wife, a child, or who?

1. WIFE  2. CHILD OR CHILDREN  7. OTHER

D40. How much work did you miss?

(DAYS)  (WEEKS)  (MONTHS)

D41. Did you miss any work in 1975 because you were sick?

1. YES  5. NO  → (GO TO D43)

D42. How much work did you miss?

(DAYS)  (WEEKS)  (MONTHS)

D43. How many weeks of paid vacation do you get each year?  __________  (WEEKS)

D44. Did you take any vacation or time off during 1975?

1. YES  5. NO  → (GO TO D46)

D45. How much vacation did you take?

(DAYS)  (WEEKS)  (MONTHS)

D46. Did you miss any work in 1975 because you were on strike?

1. YES  5. NO  → (GO TO D48)

D47. How much work did you miss?

(DAYS)  (WEEKS)  (MONTHS)

D48. Did you miss any work in 1975 because you were unemployed or temporarily laid off?

1. YES  5. NO  → (TURN TO PAGE 9, D51)

D49. How much work did you miss?

(DAYS)  (WEEKS)  (MONTHS)

D50. Were those periods of unemployment or layoff all in one stretch, in two periods, or more than two?

1. ALL IN ONE STRETCH  3. TWO PERIODS  5. MORE THAN TWO
D38-42 Include paid as well as unpaid sick leave. We want to distinguish between time lost because others were sick and head's own sick time.

D43-45 Include both paid and unpaid vacation. Some people think that vacation means going somewhere. Be sure that R includes any vacation spent at home.

D48-50 Unemployment means time completely without work--including no interim temporary employment. If temporary employment coincided with unemployment on the main job, please explain in the margins.

Questions D38–D51 should account for head's employment year; illness of others and illness of head (D38–42), vacation (D45), strikes (D46), unemployed (D49) and weeks worked on main job (D51) should add up to 52 weeks. If they don't probe to find out why.
D51. Then, how many weeks did you actually work on your main job in 1975? (WEEKS)

D52. And, on the average, how many hours a week did you work on your main job in 1975?

D53. Did you have any overtime which isn't included in that?

1. YES  5. NO  (GO TO D55)

D54. How many hours did that overtime amount to in 1975? (HOURS)

D55. Are you salaried, paid by the hour, or what?

1. SALARIED  3. PAID BY HOUR  7. OTHER

D56. How much is your salary?

$_____ per _______

D57. If you were to work more hours than usual during some week, would you get paid for those extra hours of work?

1. YES  5. NO  (GO TO D63)

D58. About how much would you make per hour for that overtime?

$_____ (PER HOUR)  (GO TO D63)

D59. What is your hourly wage rate for your regular work time?

$_____ (PER HOUR)

D60. What is your hourly wage rate for overtime?

$_____ (PER HOUR)  (GO TO D63)

D61. How is that?

D62. If you worked an extra hour, how much would you earn for that hour?

$_____

D63. How many employee retirement or pension plans are you covered by, including Social Security?

0. NONE  1. ONE  2. TWO  3. THREE  4. FOUR OR MORE  8. DON'T KNOW
D51-54. These questions apply to main job only. Overtime in D53 means both paid and unpaid. If overtime is included in the D52 average, the reply to D53 should be "NO." The reply should be "YES" if the overtime is in addition to the hours given in D52. Be sure that the figure in D54 is an annual amount.

D57. The reply to D57 should be "NO," if the head's income is a fixed weekly, monthly, or annual amount which won't be increased no matter how many hours he works in a week. If he gets paid a fixed salary plus additional pay for overtime hours, then the reply should be "YES." If he is paid a certain amount for each hour he works and can work as few or many hours as he wishes, then the reply should also be "YES."

D59-60. Hourly rates for overtime work are usually higher (often 1-1/2 times) than that for regular work hours, so probe if the difference between the two rates appears to be out of line.

D61. For instance, piece work would belong here.

D63. In addition to Social Security this should include such things as company retirement plans, teacher's retirement, federal or state employee pension plans--but not personal plans or annuities. We want head's retirement plans only. We ask the wife about hers.
D64. Did you have any extra jobs or other ways of making money in addition to your main job in 1975?

1. YES  
5. NO  
(GO TO D70)

D65. What did you do?  

D66. Anything else?  

D67. About how much did you make per hour at this? $__________(PER HOUR)

D68. And how many weeks did you work on your extra job(s) in 1975? ________ (WEEKS)

D69. On the average, how many hours a week did you work on your extra job(s)? ________ (HOURS PER WEEK)

D70. Was there more work available (on your job/any of your jobs) so that you could have worked more if you had wanted to?

1. YES  

D71. How much would you have earned per hour?  

$__________ (PER HOUR)

D72. Why did you decide not to take the extra work?  

D73. Would you have liked to work more if you could have found more work?

1. YES  

5. NO OR DON'T KNOW  

D74. Could you have worked less if you had wanted to?

1. YES  

5. NO  
(TURN TO PAGE 11, D76)

D75. Would you have preferred to work less even if you had earned less money?

1. YES  

5. NO  
(TURN TO PAGE 11, D76)
D64. This question refers to second jobs held simultaneously with the main job, not to main jobs held previous to the head's current employment.

But, if the head has worked at a number of irregular jobs, there may be no distinction between main job and extra jobs. In such cases these questions will still serve to get more complete information on the kinds of work he does. We're interested in anything that brings in extra income, whether it is a job as a night watchman, a small home business, or time spent managing real estate or other investments. If the head spends time profitably on extra-legal activities such as gambling or bootlegging, that is also relevant if he volunteers it.

D65,66. See D2, D3; the same instructions apply here.

D67. If the extra work is such that it is difficult to estimate an hourly rate—for instance, real estate management—you need not probe—"DON'T KNOW" is acceptable. If R has more than one extra job, try to get hourly pay for each job.

D68,69. Responses may fit the question framework, e.g., "Three months, for 20 hours every weekend," or they may not, e.g., "Oh, I just work on it when I have time." In the latter case, probe to get an estimate of the hours spent 1974 on extra jobs.

D70. This question is designed to determine whether head had the choice of working more on his present job(s). THE "YES" REPLY SHOULD BE RESTRICTED TO DEFINITE, POSITIVE ANSWERS. "Maybe," "Never thought about it," "I don't know," should be classified as "NO."

D71. Will not necessarily be head's usual hourly wage. It might be highly paid overtime or low-paid work on an extra job.

D73. This question asks those who didn't have a choice whether they would have preferred to work more than they did.

D74. "Less" here means with or without a corresponding decrease in total pay.

D75. Work less in this question means fewer hours with consequent reduction in pay. It does not refer to taking it easy on the job.
D76. About how much time does it take you to get to work each day, door to door? 

_________________________ (ONE WAY) 

D77. About how many miles is it to where you work? 

_________________________ (ONE WAY) 

D78. Do you use public transportation to get to work, have a car pool, drive by yourself, walk, drive with your wife, or what? 

1. PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION 
2. CAR POOL 
3. DRIVE 
4. WALK 
5. DRIVE WITH WIFE 
7. OTHER (SPECIFY) 

D79. If you should lose your present job, what would you say were your chances for finding another job just as good as your present job in all respects? Would they be very good, good, not so good, or not good at all? 

1. VERY GOOD 
2. GOOD 
4. NOT SO GOOD 
5. NOT GOOD AT ALL 

D80. Do you think you will keep on working for the next few years, or do you plan to quit? 

1. KEEP ON WORKING 
5. PLAN TO QUIT 

D81. Why might you stop working? 

_________________________ 

_________________________ 

_________________________ 

D82. Would you then go back to work later? 

1. YES 
5. NO 

D83. When might you go back? 

_________________________ 

(TURN TO PAGE 12, D84)
D76. We want the total time it takes the head for a one-way trip from where he lives to where he works, including the actual travel time plus time waiting for buses, parking the car, etc.

Be certain that R's answer is only for one way. If it takes him a different amount of time to get to work than to get back home, record both answers. If R does not work in the same place each day, try to get an average.

D77. Notice that we are interested in miles to work one way.

D78. If R uses two means of transportation to get to work, for instance if he drives to the train station and then takes the train, check both "DRIVES" and "PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION." These questions apply to R's current employment.

D79. We just want to know if R thinks he could get a new job if he had to. We don't want to know why.

D80-83. Most heads will probably plan to keep working, but you will also pick up people who plan to retire, or go back to school for awhile, or who have temporary family responsibilities or illness and so forth.
D84. Are there better jobs you could get if you were willing to move and live somewhere else?

1. YES  5. NO  8. DON'T KNOW

D85. Are there better jobs around here that you might get if you were willing to go farther to work or work different hours?

1. YES  5. NO  8. DON'T KNOW

D86. Thinking back to when you started your present job, were there some limitations on where you could work or what hours you could work that were factors in taking this job?

1. YES  5. NO  (GO TO D88)

D87. What were these limitations? ________________________________

___________________________________________________________

D88. If you were to get enough money to live as comfortably as you would like for the rest of your life, would you continue to work?

1. YES  5. NO  8. DON'T KNOW

(TURN TO PAGE 19, G1)
D84. "Move somewhere else" means moving far enough to be out of easy contact with his present community.

D86,87. This is also asked in the wives' questionnaire but men also may have other responsibilities or health problems which limit their job options.

D88. Again, we don't have time to ask why.
SECTION E: IF LOOKING FOR WORK, UNEMPLOYED IN D1

E1. What kind of job are you looking for? _______________________________________

E2. What do you think your chances will be for getting a good job in that line of work—are they very good, good, not so good, or not good at all?

1. VERY GOOD  2. GOOD  4. NOT SO GOOD  5. NOT GOOD AT ALL

E3. How much would you expect to earn? $ _______________ PER _______________

E4. Will you have to get any training to qualify? ______________________________________

E5. Have you been doing anything in the last four weeks to find a job?

1. YES  5. NO → GO TO E7

E6. How many places have you been to in the last four weeks to find out about a job?

0. NONE  1. ONE  2. TWO  3. THREE  4. FOUR  5. FIVE OR MORE

E7. Are there any limitations on where you could work or what hours you could work that would be factors in your taking a job?

1. YES  5. NO → GO TO E9

E8. What are these limitations? ______________________________________

E9. Are there jobs you could get if you were willing to move and live somewhere else?

1. YES  5. NO  8. DON'T KNOW

E10. How long have you been looking for work? ______________________________________

E11. Have you ever had a job?

1. YES  5. NO → TURN TO PAGE 15, E34

E12. What sort of work did you do on your last job? (What was your occupation?) OCC  IND

E13. What kind of business was that in?

E14. Did you supervise the work of other employees or tell them what to do?

1. YES  5. NO

E15. What happened to that job—did the company go out of business, were you laid off or what?
SECTION E: IF LOOKING FOR WORK, UNEMPLOYED IN Q. D1

E1. An occupation such as "truck driver," "maid," "keypunch operator," is what is wanted here. See the objectives for D2, D3; they apply here.

E3. Be sure to record the pay period, e.g., $3 per hour, $500 per month, etc.

E4. Note any specific training that the respondent mentions, but don't probe if he gives only a vague answer; just record the vague answer.

E6. "Places" may be public or private employment agencies, unions, prospective employers themselves, etc.

E7, 8. Limitations could include family responsibilities, not having a car, poor health and so on.

E9. Moving somewhere else means moving far enough to be out of easy contact with his present community.

E12. See D2, D3; the same objectives apply here.

E13. See D4; the same objectives apply here.

E14. This is asked so that we can fit R's employment status into the Census categories.

E15. See D34; the same objectives apply here.
E16. When did you last work?

IF 1975 OR 1976

IF BEFORE 1975

(TURN TO PAGE 15, E34)

E17. Did you take any vacation or time off during 1975?

1. YES 5. NO

(GO TO E19)

E18. How much vacation did you take?

(DAYS) (WEEKS) (MONTHS)

E19. Did you miss any work in 1975 because someone else in the family was sick?

1. YES 5. NO

(GO TO E22)

E20. Was that person your wife, a child, or who?

1. WIFE 2. CHILD OR CHILDREN 7. OTHER

E21. How much work did you miss?

(DAYS) (WEEKS) (MONTHS)

E22. Did you miss any work in 1975 because you were sick?

1. YES 5. NO

(GO TO E24)

E23. How much work did you miss?

(DAYS) (WEEKS) (MONTHS)

E24. Did you miss any work in 1975 because you were on strike?

1. YES 5. NO

(GO TO E26)

E25. How much work did you miss?

(DAYS) (WEEKS) (MONTHS)

E26. Did you miss any work in 1975 because you were unemployed or temporarily laid off?

1. YES 5. NO

(TURN TO PAGE 15, E29)

E27. How much work did you miss?

(DAYS) (WEEKS) (MONTHS)

E28. Were those weeks of unemployment all in one stretch, in two periods, or more than two?

1. ALL IN ONE STRETCH 3. TWO PERIODS 5. MORE THAN TWO
EI7-18. See D44-45.

D19-23. See D38-42.

E29. Then, how many weeks did you actually work on your job in 1975? _______ (WEEKS)

E30. And, on average, how many hours a week did you work when you worked? _______ (HOURS PER WEEK)

E31. On your last job, how much time did it take you to get to work each day, door to door? _______ (ONE WAY)

E32. About how many miles was it to where you worked? _______ (ONE WAY)

E33. Did you use public transportation to get to work, have a car pool, drive by yourself, walk, drive with your wife, or what?

1. PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION  2. CAR POOL  3. DRIVE  4. WALK  5. DRIVE WITH WIFE  7. OTHER (SPECIFY) _______

E34. If you were to get enough money to live as comfortably as you would like for the rest of your life, would you work?

1. YES  5. NO  8. DON'T KNOW

(TURN TO PAGE 19, C1)
E29. Enter here the total number of weeks actually worked in 1974. Vacation, sickness, strikes, unemployment and work should add up to the full year

E30. If the head's work schedule was irregular, be sure the total number of hours worked in 1974 can be derived from the responses to this question.

E31-33. See D76-78.

E34. See D88.
SECTION F: RETIRED, HOUSEWIFE, STUDENT, PERMANENTLY DISABLED

F1. During the last year (1975), did you do any work for money?

   1. YES  5. NO

F2. Are you thinking about getting a job in the future?

   1. YES  5. NO (TURN TO PAGE 17, F15)

F3. When might that be? (How soon?) (TURN TO PAGE 17, F15)

F4. What kind of work did you do when you worked? (What was your occupation?)

F5. What kind of business was that in?

F6. How many weeks did you work last year? __________ (WEEKS)

F7. About how many hours a week did you work (when you worked)? __________ (HOURS PER WEEK)

F8. On your last job, how much time did it take you to get to work each day, door to door?

   (ONE WAY)  0. NONE (GO TO F11)

F9. About how many miles was it to where you worked? __________ (ONE WAY)

F10. Did you use public transportation to get to work, have a car pool, drive by yourself, walk, drive with your wife, or what?

   1. PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION  2. CAR POOL  3. DRIVE BY SELF  4. WALK  5. DRIVE WITH WIFE  7. OTHER -(SPECIFY)

F11. What happened to that job—did the company go out of business, were you laid off, or what?

   (IF NOT CLEAR) → F12. Why are you no longer working?

   ______________________________________
   ______________________________________
   ______________________________________

   ______________________________________

   ______________________________________
SECTION F: RETIRED, HOUSEWIFE, STUDENT, PERMANENTLY DISABLED

F1. For such heads, work may have been irregular part-time work or work on a full-time job prior to retirement or disablement. We are interested in any money earning activity during 1975.

F2. "Getting a job in the future" can mean in the immediate or distant future, on a regular or irregular basis, or full or part time.

F4. See D2-D3; the same objectives apply here.

F5. See D4; the same objectives apply here.

F6, 7. We want to be able to calculate the total hours of work in 1975. If it was irregular, you may need to take down more detail. For these heads it is not necessary to be able to account for all 52 weeks in terms of work, vacation, sickness, etc.

F8-10. See D76-78.

Fl1. See D34.
F13. Are you thinking of getting a job in the future?

1. YES  5. NO  (GO TO F15)

F14. When might that be? (How soon?)

F15. INTERVIEWER: REFER TO F2 AND F13 AND CHECK ONE:

F16. Are there any limitations as to where you could work or what hours you could work that would be factors in your taking a job?

1. YES  5. NO  (GO TO F18)

F17. What are these limitations?

F24. Are there any circumstances under which you think you might want to take a job, such as if work were available near home?

1. YES  5. NO  (TURN TO PAGE 19, G1)

F25. What would they be?

F26. Are there any limitations where you could work or what hours you could work that would be factors in your taking a job?

F27. What are these limitations?

F18. What kind of job do you have in mind?

F19. How much would you expect to earn?

$  

F20. What do you think your chances will be for getting a good job in that line of work? Are they very good, good, not so good, or not good at all?

1. VERY GOOD  4. NOT SO GOOD  5. NOT GOOD AT ALL

F21. Would you have to get any training to qualify?

1. YES  5. NO  (TURN TO PAGE 18, F28)

F22. How could you get that training?

F23. Are you getting any such training now?  1. YES  5. NO
F13. See F2.

F16. See E7.


F26. See E7.
F28. Have you been doing anything in the last four weeks to find a job?

1. YES  5. NO (GO TO F30)

F29. How many places have you been to in the last four weeks to find out about a job?

0. NONE 1. ONE 2. TWO 3. THREE 4. FOUR 5. FIVE OR MORE

F30. Are there jobs you could get if you were willing to move and live somewhere else?

1. YES  5. NO  8. DON'T KNOW

(TURN TO PAGE 19, G1)
F29. See E6.

F30. See D84.
SECTION G: WIFE'S WORK, HOUSEWORK AND FOOD

(ASK EVERYONE)

G1. Are you married, single, widowed, divorced, or separated?

1. MARRIED
2. SINGLE
3. WIDOWED
4. DIVORCED
5. SEPARATED

(TURN TO PAGE 20, G7)

(Q's G2-G6 REFER TO WIFE'S OCCUPATION)

G2. Did your wife do any work for money in 1975?

1. YES
5. NO

(TURN TO PAGE 20, G7)

G3. What kind of work did she do? ____________________________

G4. What kind of business is that in? _________________________

G5. About how many weeks did she work last year? ___________

G6. And about how many hours a week did she work? ___________
SECTION G: WIFE'S WORK, HOUSEWORK AND FOOD

G1. If you are interviewing a female head of household who says she is married, note this and if possible find out the circumstances of the situation.

G2-4. See Section D, Qs. D2, D3, D4 for objectives

G5,6 If the wife has an irregular work schedule, try to get an estimate of the total number of weeks and hours worked in 1975.
G7. About how much time do you (HEAD) spend on housework in an average week— I mean time spent cooking, cleaning, and doing other work around the house?

______________________ HOURS PER WEEK

G8. INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FU INCLUDES PEOPLE OTHER THAN HEAD AND WIFE</th>
<th>0. ONLY HEAD OR HEAD AND WIFE IN FU</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(TURN TO PAGE 21, G13)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

G9. Does anyone else here in the household (not including your wife) help with the housework?

1. YES  5. NO → (TURN TO PAGE 21, G13)

G10. Who is that?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Person #1</th>
<th>Person #2</th>
<th>Person #3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(RELATION—SHIP TO HEAD)</td>
<td>(RELATION—SHIP TO HEAD)</td>
<td>(RELATION—SHIP TO HEAD)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

G11. About how much time does (he/she) spend on housework in an average week?

G12. Anyone else?  [ ] YES → (ASK G10-11 ABOVE)  [ ] NO → (TURN TO PAGE 21, G13)
G7-12. We want hours of housework for head and other household members but NOT FOR WIFE. Her housework will be recorded in her own questionnaire.
G13. How much do you (FAMILY) spend on food that you use at home in an average week?
$__________ (PER WEEK)

G14. Do you have any food delivered to the door which isn't included in that?
YES
NO → Go TO G1b

G15. How much do you spend on that food? $________per (WEEK, MONTH)

G16. Did you or anyone else now living in your family receive or buy government food stamps last month?
YES
NO → Go TO G21

G17. For how many members of your family were stamps issued? ______

G18. How much did you pay for the stamps? $________per (WEEK, MONTH)

G19. How much food could you buy with the stamps? $________per (WEEK, MONTH)

G20. You said you spend _______ on food in the average week. (MENTION AMOUNT IN G13)
Did you include in that only the amount of money you actually spent or did you also include the extra value of the food you get with stamps?

1. INCLUDES ONLY AMOUNT OF MONEY SPENT
5. ALSO INCLUDES EXTRA VALUE OF FOOD GOT WITH STAMPS (i.e., MONEY SPENT PLUS VALUE OF STAMPS)

G21. Did you (FAMILY) use government food stamps (commodity stamps) in 1975?

YES

NO → Go TO G26

G22. How much did you pay for the stamps in 1975? $________per (WEEK, MONTH)

G23. How much food could you buy with the stamps in 1975?
$________per (WEEK, MONTH)

G24. Did you use food stamps regularly during all of 1975?

YES → Go TO G26

NO

G25. For how many months did you use food stamps in 1975?

MONTHS → (GO TO G26)

G26. About how much do you (FAMILY) spend eating out, not counting meals at work or at school?
$________per (WEEK, MONTH)
G13. Note that G13 asks for a weekly figure for the family. It should not include the amount spent on food eaten at restaurants or drive-ins. Nor should the amount include expenditures on items such as toothpaste, soap, paper towels, etc. which are often purchased when food is purchased. If the weekly food bill seems unreasonably high or low to you, probe to find out why. R might have answered in terms of a month or a day instead of a week, or he might have included large amounts of nonfood items or money spent on food eaten at restaurants. This figure is important, so please be sure the respondent understands exactly what is meant.

G14,15. We want to get an accurate measure of the total amount spent on food. Sometimes people do not include the food delivered to the door in their answer to G13 so we want to ask this sequence.

G16-25. NOTE: The food stamp questions are divided into two sections. Questions G16-20 ask about food stamps used now (last month). G21-25 ask about food stamps used last year (1975).

Occasionally some household members are eligible for food stamps while others are not. We want to know about food stamps used by anyone in the household and what was paid for them. If the family member entitled to stamps is someone other than head, make a note of it.

G19-20. We are never sure if food stamp users included the value of the stamps in their answer to G13.

G21-25. Remember that these questions refer to 1975.

G26. This amount should include the amount the family spends in an average week, but should exclude food expenditures arising from special events such as parties, wedding receptions, etc. This can include meals eaten by the entire family together or the amounts spent by various individuals separately. "Take out" foods—those bought in a restaurant but eaten at home—should also be included here.
SECTION H: INCOME

(ASK EVERYONE)

To get an accurate financial picture of people all over the country, we need to know the income of all the families that we interview.

H1. (INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE)

1. FARMER, OR RANCHER
5. NOT A FARMER OR RANCHER → (GO TO H5)

H2. What were your total receipts from farming in 1975, including soil bank payments and commodity credit loans? $ __________ A

H3. What were your total operating expenses, not counting living expenses? $ __________ B

H4. That left you a net income from farming of? A-B = $ __________ A-B

H5. Did you (R AND FAMILY) own a business at any time in 1975, or have a financial interest in any business enterprise?

1. YES
5. NO → (GO TO H8)

H6. Is it a corporation or an unincorporated business, or do you have an interest in both kinds?

1. CORPORATION → (GO TO H8)
2. UNINCORPORATED
3. BOTH
8. DON'T KNOW

H7. How much was your (FAMILY'S) share of the total income from the business in 1975 — that is, the amount you took out plus any profit left in?

$ __________________________

(ASK EVERYONE)

H8. How much did you (HEAD) receive from wages and salaries in 1975, that is, before anything was deducted for taxes or other things?

$ __________
H1. A farmer for our purposes is anyone whose main source of income is farming, whether or not he did any actual work for the earnings. We consider "rancher" and "farmer" synonymous terms.

Farm income for nonfarmers should be picked up in H1lb.

H2. The following are included here as receipts from normal farming operations:

1) money from sale of cash crops
2) receipts from the sale of livestock, dairy products, poultry, eggs, fruits, and vegetables
3) soil bank payments
4) receipts from commodity credit loans which count as income because they guarantee that the farmer will receive a set price for his crop.

Do not include as farming receipts:

1) money from sale of land--this is not income from farming
2) rent from tenant farmers
3) crop loans--this is not income

H3. Farm operating expenses may include:

1) expenses for feed, seed, lime, fertilizer, insurance, fuel, tires, repairs to trucks and farm machinery, rent for machinery, crop storage, irrigation water, ginning, veterinary expenses, etc.
2) livestock purchases
3) wages for employees
4) custom work (price paid for work done by a man who brings his own machinery)
5) depreciation
6) interest on loans
7) property taxes (but not federal income taxes)

H4. Farm income equals total receipts less operating expenses. Doing the subtraction and then asking H4 will enable you to discover omissions and correct any errors.

H5. The respondent need not be a businessman for this question to be appropriate. The business may be something like a small beauty shop in which his wife has a part interest. The key feature is that the respondent (or family) has money invested in the enterprise.

H6. If the respondent does not seem to understand the question, check "DON'T KNOW." If R says he owns stock in a large corporation, check "CORPORATION" but note in the margin that he just owns stock. Be sure to ask H1lc clearly for such persons.

H7. The figure should include the total profits from the business in 1975. If part of this amount is counted as head's salary and another part as profit from the business, give us both sums separately and tell us which is which. If the wife or other member of the family is paid wages or a salary by the business, that should also be labeled and included here.

H8. This question applies only to the 1976 head of the FU. For most wage earners this is the income reported on one's W2 forms(s). It should
include income from a second job if the head had one.

Be careful of these:

1) **Fixed salary rates:** If the head now makes $7,000 a year, this need not mean that he actually made $7,000 in 1975. He may, for example, have had a raise in September or have started work after graduating from college in June. We want total 1975 income—not the current salary rate.

2) **Complicated work history:** If the head had several jobs and was unemployed during part of the year, you may have to help him reconstruct his income.

3) **Businessmen:** The wages and salaries that unincorporated businessmen pay themselves should not be listed here—this should be recorded in H7. However, wages they get from some other job should be included here in H8.

Make sure if an amount is given for both H7 and H8 that it is not the same figure recorded twice. Probe to find out in these cases.
H9. In addition to this, did you have any income from bonuses, overtime or commissions?

YES  NO (GO TO H11)

H10. How much was that? $________________

H11. Did you (HEAD) receive any other income in 1975 from:

(IF "YES" TO ANY ITEM, ASK "How much was it?"
ENTER AMOUNT AT RIGHT)

(IF "NO" ENTER "0")

a) professional practice or trade? $________ per ________
b) farming or market gardening, roomers or boarders? $________ per ________
c) dividends, interest, rent, trust funds, or royalties? $________ per ________
d) ADC, AFDC? $________ per ________
e) other welfare? $________ per ________
f) Social Security? $________ per ________
g) other retirement pay, pensions, or annuities? $________ per ________
h) unemployment, or workmen's compensation $________ per ________
i) alimony? child support? $________ per ________
j) help from relatives? $________ per ________
k) the new Supplemental Security Income, the gold (tan, yellow) checks? $________ per ________
m) anything else? (SPECIFY) $________ per ________

H12. Did anyone (else) not living here now help you (FAMILY) out financially -- I mean give you money, or help with your expenses during 1975?

YES  NO (TURN TO PAGE 25, H14)

H13. How much did that amount to last year? $________________
H9,10. Note the phrase "in addition to this." If head has already included some or all of his income from these sources in H8, just note that; there is no need to separate it.

NOTE: H11-H22

On January 1, 1974, the Federal government began administering a new program called Supplemental Security Income (S.S.I.). This program replaces three welfare programs previously administered by the states: assistance to the aged, to the totally disabled, and to the blind. The new program is operated by the Social Security Administration and is supported from Treasury Department funds, but these payments have no connection whatever with Social Security benefits. Supplemental Security Income is a noncontributory public assistance program. Social Security, on the other hand, does not depend on financial need but does depend on prior contributions through a payroll tax and deductions.

Almost everybody who was receiving aid to the aged, disabled, or blind was transferred automatically to S.S.I. Some recipients may have been notified of the change; others may not be aware that their checks now come from a different source. In cases where the new S.S.I. payments are less than those previously paid by their state, some of the aged, disabled or blind may also be receiving a state check to make up the difference. No one is supposed to get less money under S.S.I. than they got before.

It is essential that we try to get the respondents to distinguish between various kinds of assistance and, above all, that we list income from Supplemental Security and Social Security separately. Some people get payments from both sources, so this won't be easy, especially as questions or problems (lost checks, etc.) relating to both programs are handled by the local Social Security office.

However, there is a helpful difference. Supplemental Security Income checks are gold (yellowish tan?) and say "Supplemental Security Income Payment" under the amount of the check. Social Security checks like other U.S. Government checks, are green.

Supplemental Security Income (gold checks) should be listed in H11, item "k." If both a husband and wife qualify for S.S.I., they are paid in separate gold checks, and the wife's check should be listed in H24 and 25, under wife's income. Social Security is, as usual, listed in H11, item "f." If a wife gets a separate Social Security check, that again is listed in H24 and 25.

Remember that the Federal Supplemental Security Income program replaces state public assistance only for the needy aged, blind, and totally disabled. Other welfare programs (AFDC, ADC, general welfare) are still state administered.

H11. In answering Qs. H11a-H11m it is very important to state whether the amounts given are weekly, monthly, annual, or what, and their duration in 1975. So if R says "$400 per month for eight months," this is acceptable, while "$400 per month" is inadequate since it is the annual total we want.

H11a. 1) Income BEFORE TAXES but AFTER EXPENSES is what is wanted here.

2) Examples of PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE are:

Self-employed doctors, lawyers, certified public accountants, etc. Income from consulting for a business firm or government is also included here.
3) **TRADE** - examples:

Self-employed plumbers, radio repairmen, etc. A carpenter may receive wages from a construction company and do independent work in the evenings—and the latter is included here.

H1lb. 1) **FARMING OR MARKET GARDENING.** If farming is R's primary occupation, his income should come in H2-H4 and not be duplicated here; but if he receives most of his income from a source other than farming and some from a small farm, you should include the amount from farming here. Income from renting farm property is "rent," not "farming" income, however.

2) **ROOMERS OR BOARDERS.** We want net income here, i.e., the money he received minus his expenses. Money paid for rent, room or board by a member of the head's FU is not included as income here.

H1lc. 1) **DIVIDENDS.** Dividends are the amounts paid to owners of stock in corporations. If R is the owner of a small incorporated business, the salary he paid himself should be entered under H8. He may also have taken profits out of the business by paying a dividend to himself on his common stock. These dividends, and also income received on any other stocks he may own belong here. "Dividends" on insurance policies are not income and should not be included.

2) **INTEREST.** Receipts here include primarily income from government and corporate bonds, all kinds of savings accounts, mortgages owned, as well as interest received on personal loans made.

3) **RENT.** In addition to his own home R may own other real estate that he rents to others. The income should be net, i.e., after deducting expenses and janitorial services, heat, light, and water, real estate taxes (but not income taxes), minor repairs (but not major additions).

4) **TRUST FUNDS.** A trust fund is money invested by a person or group of persons for another person known as a beneficiary. If R is a beneficiary, these payments belong here.

5) **ROYALTIES.** These include such things as payments for the use of property for mining or drilling oil wells, use of copyrights and inventions and payments to authors when copies of their books are sold.

H1ld. ADC is Aid to Dependent Children, while AFDC is Aid to the Families of Dependent Children. (Occasionally these terms are used interchangeably.) Both are public welfare programs and administered by states, counties, or large cities, but generally supported by federal grants-in-aid. These two programs cover more individuals than any other single public welfare program.
ADC covers needy mothers with young children who have no husband, while AFDC covers families where the father is present in the household but unemployed. Even though ADC and AFDC are supported by Federal grants-in-aid there is great variation among the 50 states in the number of dollars received by those covered under this program.

We are very interested in getting a good estimate of the importance of this form of welfare, as distinct from all other types of welfare, so make sure that if the family is covered by a number of programs that the dollar amount for ADC and AFDC is separate from all other forms of public welfare.

Hlle. Other welfare covers general assistance usually funded by state and local governments. This is a catchall covering needy who are not eligible for any of the "categorical" welfare programs.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTION. Other welfare used to include OAA (Old Age Assistance) AB (Aid to the Blind) and APTD (Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled), but these three categories are now mostly covered by Supplemental Security payments (gold check) and should be listed in Hllk. However, (see NOTE on Page 24) if R mentions that some part of his OAA, AB, or APTD is still paid by his state, enter the amount paid by his state here in Hlle and say what it's for.

Hllf. Unlike public welfare, benefits received under Social Security are one's by right so long as one does not earn too much in the way of wages and salaries; the scale of benefits is based on the amount one contributes to these programs before collecting benefits. OASDHI is the abbreviation for all benefits coming under the Social Security Program (Old Age, Survivors, Disability, and Health Insurance). Generally, there are three types of regular benefits, not counting Medicare:

1) benefits paid to those 65 or older who are "insured" and retired. Such benefits are paid to anyone who has paid the Social Security tax for a specified time period.

2) workers 50 or older who become disabled, as well as certain groups of disabled children, are eligible for disability benefits.

3) survivors' benefits are paid to widows (and widowers) whose spouse was covered. Unmarried children under 18 are also paid a certain allowance.

Hllg. OTHER RETIREMENT PAY: Some retired people will be receiving deferred compensation from funds set up by companies for their employees.

PENSIONS: Private pensions from previous employers will be the main income source which fits in here. There are also various types of armed service benefits and state government pensions. Military pensions include:

1) Disability pension - for a permanent injury received while in military service.
2) Retired serviceman’s pension – an officer or an enlisted man is eligible for such a pension after 20 years' service, even though he may be under 40 years old.

3) Education benefits – enter only payments made directly to R, not those paid to an educational institution.

4) Family allotments – dependents of servicemen on active duty receive these allotments from the government. If R has told you that her son or husband is in the service, be alert for an answer here.

**ANNUITIES:** Pay received from a retirement insurance (annuity) policy will go into this category, usually financed personally.

**H11h. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION:** All 50 states participate in this program which is administered by the states, with the funds coming mostly from employer contributions and the federal government. Even though all states cover workers, there is a great variation between states in the amount of benefits. Such compensation covers those working only in enterprises of a certain minimum size. Agricultural workers, family workers, domestic servants in private homes, and the self-employed are sometimes ineligible for these benefits.

**WORKMEN’S COMPENSATION:** This is entirely state administered with no participation or standard setting from the federal government. Benefits are paid to a worker if he incurs an injury in connection with his job. Among the 50 states there is wide variation in coverage, i.e., some states cover only those engaged in hazardous occupations, some exclude government employees.

**H11i. ALIMONY:** Income to a divorced or separated woman should be included here. If she is also receiving child support payments, note these too. Be careful that child support is not confused with AFDC payments which should be recorded in H11d.

**H11j. RELATIVES** include related family members who live outside the DU. Allotment to a family because of service connected employment of a family member should be included here.

**H11k.** See NOTE on Page 24.

**H11m. TRAINING PROGRAM ALLOWANCES:** Various Manpower Development Acts provide vocational training to individuals, as well as paying them subsistence allowances. Unemployed teenagers are sometimes receiving this form of income, which should be included here.

**ILLEGAL SOURCES OF INCOME:** This is indeed income and we would be happy to have it if R mentions it.

**BE SURE THERE IS NO DOUBLE COUNTING HERE!**

**H12, 13.** Note that these questions apply to the entire family, not just the head and can include irregular amounts of income from unrelated individuals who live outside the DU.
H14. INTERVIEWER: REFER TO H11d AND H1le AND CHECK ONE.
INCOME FROM WELFARE OR ADC, AFDC NO SUCH INCOME (GO TO H17)

H15. Did welfare also help with your rent or other bills?
   YES NO (GO TO H17)
   H16. About how much did that amount to in 1975?
   What paid $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ (GO TO H17)

H17. INTERVIEWER: REFER TO H11f AND CHECK ONE.
1. INCOME FROM SOCIAL SECURITY 5. NO SUCH INCOME (GO TO H22)

H18. Did your Social Security include any of the new gold (tan, yellow) checks called Supplemental Security Income?
   1. YES 5. NO (GO TO H20)
   H19. How much did that amount to in 1975? $ _______ per _______ (GO TO H22)

H20. Did you get any help with medical bills?
   1. YES 5. NO (GO TO H22)
   H21. How much did that amount to in 1975? $ _______ per _______ (GO TO H22)

H22. INTERVIEWER: DOES HEAD HAVE WIFE IN FU?
   YES, WIFE IN FU NO WIFE IN FU OR FU HAS FEMALE HEAD (TURN TO PAGE 26, H26)

H23. Did your wife have any income during 1975?
   YES NO (TURN TO PAGE 26, H26)
   H24. Was it income from wages, salary, a business, or what?
   (SOURCE) (SOURCE)
   H25. How much was it before deductions?
   $ $ $ $ $ (DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE)
   WIFE TYPE INCOME:
   L A T
Some welfare recipients receive all their benefits in cash, while others have such things as rent paid directly to the landlord. If the family you are interviewing is on welfare and if the governmental unit pays rent for the family directly to the landlord, the amount of such payments in 1975 should be included here. Vouchers given to welfare clients for purchase of specific items should also be included here. For instance, if the family is given a voucher for the purchase of shoes for the children, the value of such vouchers received in 1975 should be included here. Medical expenses paid directly to a doctor or hospital need not be included.

If R should mention food stamps here, having forgotten to tell you about them before, be sure to go back and fill out Q's G22-25.

Ask only of families receiving Social Security. Here again we want to be sure that R is not confusing Supplemental Security with Social Security.

1) Make sure the wife's income from all sources is recorded.

2) It is a common practice for an owner of common stock to list some of his shares in his wife's name. So if R has indicated that he is an owner of stocks or corporate bonds, be alert to dividend or interest income in the wife's name.

3) If some or all of the wife's income is from work in the family business, it may already be included in H7. If so, note "included in business income" in the margin.

4) If wife receives checks made out to her from Social Security or Supplemental Security, these should also be listed here.
H26. INTERVIEWER: REFER BACK TO COVER SHEET AND LIST ALL PEOPLE 14 AND OLDER OTHER THAN THE CURRENT HEAD AND WIFE. LIST THOSE IN THE FU AT ANY TIME DURING 1975, INCLUDING THOSE WHO MOVED OUT!

[ ] NONE (TURN TO PAGE 28, H39)

H27. Did (MENTION PERSON) have any income in 1975?

H28. About how much did that amount to in 1975?

H29. Was that from wages, a pension, a business or what?

IF WAGES OR BUSINESS

H30. What kind of work did (he/she) do?

H31. Can you tell me about how many weeks (he/she) worked?

H32. About how many hours a week was that?

H33. (IF DON'T KNOW) Was it more than half time?

H34. Did (he/she) miss any work in 1975 because of unemployment or a strike?

YES NO ➝ GO TO H36

H35. How much work did (he/she) miss?

H36. Did (he/she) have any other income?

YES NO ➝ GO TO H27 FOR NEXT PERSON LISTED

H37. What was that from?

H38. How much was that last year?

RELATION TO HEAD

AGE

YES ☑ NO ➝ GO TO H27 FOR NEXT PERSON LISTED

$ ____________ in 1975

(SOURCE)

TX ☐ TR ☐

OCCUPATION

(WEKS)

(HOURS)

DAYS WEEKS MONTHS

$ ____________ in 1975

(SOURCE)

(Do not write in this space)

TYPE: LAT
NOTE: DISREGARD PRINTED BOXES, THEY WILL BE USED BY CODERS.

H26. Refer to page 2 of the cover sheet. Except for current head and wife, list everyone 14 years or older by relationship to head and age: e.g., son, 18, in columns provided. If you have more people than columns, write additional listings on the back page of the questionnaire and make a note that you have done so on page 26. List everyone 14 or older who has lived in the family AT ANY TIME DURING 1975, even if they have moved out by the time of the 1976 interview. This also applies to a former head or wife (including splitoffs) if they have moved out between the 1975 and 1976 interviews.

H27. You can mention the person's name when you are asking the question, but DON'T WRITE IT DOWN. NAMES MUST NEVER APPEAR IN A QUESTIONNAIRE.

H28. Enter the amount in dollars here.

H29. The most common source here will be wages, whether from regular employment or odd jobs. Retired or disabled adults in the household are likely to have income from Social Security or other pension plans or the new Supplemental Security Income. If R mentions "pension" be sure that he is not referring to Social Security or Supplemental Security Income. If R mentions "welfare" be sure to verify whether it is ADC, AFDC or is another kind of welfare. GET EXPLICIT SOURCE WHEN POSSIBLE. Income from interest, dividends, and trust funds should also be included.

H30. The occupation for these individuals need not be so specific as that for heads and wives.

H31-33. If the employment of this individual was irregular, try to get an estimate of the total number of hours worked in 1975. "More than half time" here refers to the average over the year.

H34,35. These questions refer to other family members. Unemployed means actively seeking work. Children out of school in the summer are NOT unemployed if they plan to return to school at end of summer. This will be difficult in many cases, so be careful here please.

H36-38. Income here refers to amounts in addition to that recorded in H28. The objective here is to make sure we have total income for all family members. AGAIN, GET SPECIFIC SOURCE.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RELATION TO HEAD</th>
<th>AGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[ ] YES [ ] NO</td>
<td>(GO TO H27 FOR NEXT PERSON LISTED)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

$ $ in 1975

(SOURCE)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>RELATION TO HEAD</th>
<th>AGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[ ] YES [ ] NO</td>
<td>(GO TO H27 FOR NEXT PERSON LISTED)</td>
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</table>

$ $ in 1975

(SOURCE)

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<th>RELATION TO HEAD</th>
<th>AGE</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[ ] YES [ ] NO</td>
<td>(GO TO H27 FOR NEXT PERSON LISTED)</td>
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$ $ in 1975

(SOURCE)

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<th>DAYS</th>
<th>WEEKS</th>
<th>MONTHS</th>
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</table>

| [ ] YES [ ] NO  | (GO TO H27 FOR NEXT PERSON LISTED) |

$ $ in 1975

(SOURCE)

| [ ] YES [ ] NO  | (GO TO H27 FOR NEXT PERSON LISTED) |

$ $ in 1975

(SOURCE)

| [ ] YES [ ] NO  | (GO TO H27 FOR NEXT PERSON LISTED) |

$ $ in 1975

(SOURCE)

(DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE)

TYPE: LAT

(TURN TO PAGE 28, H 39)
This page is a repetition of the previous one. Use the back of the interview if you run out of space and make a note that you have done so.
(ASK EVERYONE)

H39. Did anyone else living here in 1975 have any income? (INCLUDING CHILDREN UNDER 14)

YES → (GO TO H41)
NO → (GO TO H41)

H40. Who was that?

RELATION TO HEAD AGE
RELATION TO HEAD AGE
RELATION TO HEAD AGE

(TURN BACK AND ASK H27-H38 FOR THESE ADDITIONAL MEMBERS)

H41. Did you get any other money in 1975 -- like a big settlement from an insurance company, or an inheritance?

1. YES → 5. NO → (GO TO H43)

H42. How much did that amount to? $ ____________ in 1975

H43. Do you help support anyone who doesn't live here with you?

1. YES → 5. NO → (GO TO H48)

H44. How many? __________

H45. How much money did that amount to in the last year? $ ________ in 1975

H46. Were any of these people dependent on you for more than half of their total support?

1. YES → 5. NO → (GO TO H48)

H47. How many? __________

H48. Do you belong to a labor union?

1. YES → 5. NO

H49. Do you have any physical or nervous condition that limits the type of work or the amount of work you can do?

1. YES → 5. NO → (GO TO H51)

H50. How much does it limit your work? _______________________

H51. Is there anyone (else) in this family who requires a lot of extra care because of (his/her) condition?

1. YES → 5. NO → (TURN TO PAGE 29, J1)

H52. Who is that? ______________________ (RELATION TO HEAD) (AGE)
H41-42. Record here payments received by FU that are not income. Include insurance settlements received which are for "pain and suffering," life insurance payments, etc. Other things to be included are inheritances of money, large gifts from someone outside the household, scholarships, or money from repayment of a loan to someone in the family. Money from the sale of property should also be included. The amount given in H48 should be the total of such amounts for all members of the household.

H43-45. Questions H43-47 refer to anyone who can be claimed for tax purposes as well as any other persons who receive support from this family and live outside the household. We want the total dollar amount that the family, not just the head, contributed for outside support in 1975. Alimony and child support which an FU member pays should be included here.

H46,47. This question refers to dependents who can be claimed for tax purposes, such as a child in college, an aged parent in an institution, or others dependent on this FU who live outside the DU.

H48. This question is not identical to D23.

H49,50. We are not interested in the disability per se, but only in how much it limits the head's ability to earn money or carry on everyday activities.

H51,52. Here again we don't need to know what is the matter with the family member, only if he/she needs extra care. Don't include healthy babies even though they are time consuming.
SECTION J: WORK HISTORY

J1. How many years have you (HEAD) worked since you were 18?

______________________ YEARS

00. NONE → (TURN TO PAGE 31, K1)

J2. How many of these years did you work full time for most of the year?

______________________ (NUMBER OF YEARS)

ALL → (GO TO J4)

J3. During the years that you were not working full time, how much of the time did you work?

______________________

J4. Some people have stopped their regular work for a time for such things as military service, family responsibilities, or to go back to school. Have you ever stopped working for a year or more for any of these or other reasons and then gone back to work?

1. YES  5. NO → (TURN TO PAGE 31, K1)

J5. Was that only one period, or were there several periods of a year or more when you were not working?

1. ONE PERIOD  2. SEVERAL PERIODS

J6. When was the period you were not working? From when to when?

(MONTH, YEAR) to (MONTH, YEAR)

IF BEFORE 1955, TURN TO PAGE 31, K1

J7. What was the most recent period you were not working? From when to when?

(MONTH, YEAR) to (MONTH, YEAR)

J8. For what reasons did you stop working the last time?

______________________

______________________

J9. Did you get any training or skills during the time you were not working that you could use in a job?

1. YES  5. NO
It would be helpful to get a clear answer such as half-time or two-thirds time. If that isn't possible, write down whatever R tells you and we will try to figure out the fraction. Be sure to tell us the unit used such as weeks, months, years or whatever.

Here we want to find out how interrupted work history affects earnings. The questions should be asked only of people who at some point have stopped working for a year or more and later gone back to work. We don't want to ask these questions of people who have stopped working and have not gone back to work unless they have some previous interrupted work experience (since 1955) to tell us about.

Training or skills could have been acquired in the armed services, in jail, in college, even by doing volunteer work. We only want to hear about training and skills which are now useful on R's present job or could be used on some other job.
J10. Why did you go back to work when you did? __________________________

J11. Did you go back to the same kind of work you had done before?

1. YES
5. NO

J12. Was it the same job?

1. YES
5. NO

J13. How did you find the job when you went back to work? Was it through a friend, an employment agency, a want ad, or what?

J14. How did you get the skills or qualifications for the job? Was it your regular education, previous work experience, some special training, or what?

J15. About how much did you earn when you went back to work?

$__________ per (HOUR/WEEK/MONTH/YEAR)

J16. About how much would you have been earning at that time if you had been working all along?

$__________ per (HOUR/WEEK/MONTH/YEAR)

J17. Why is that? __________________________

______________________________

______________________________

______________________________
J11-17. We want to find out if people who drop out of the labor force can come back into it at the same job level they had reached before, or if they must start over every time.
INTERVIEWER: REMEMBER TO FILL OUT "BY OBSERVATION" SECTION ON ALL INTERVIEWS

SECTION K: NEW HEAD

K1. INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE

1. FU HAS A NEW HEAD THIS YEAR  | 5. THIS FU HAS THE SAME HEAD AS IN 1975
(TURN TO PAGE 34, L1)

K2. Now I have some questions about your family and past experiences. Where did your father and mother grow up? (FROM BIRTH TO 18 YEARS OF AGE)

ST.  CO- FA

Father:
(State if U.S., Country if foreign)  (COUNTY OR TOWN)

ST.  CO- MO

Mother:
(State if U.S., Country if foreign)  (COUNTY OR TOWN)

K3. What was your father's usual occupation when you were growing up?

__________________________________________________________________________

K4. Thinking of your (HEAD'S) first full time regular job, what did you do?

OCC

__________________________________________________________________________

0. NEVER WORKED

(GO TO K6)

K5. Have you had a number of different kinds of jobs, or have you mostly worked in the same occupation you started in, or what?

__________________________________________________________________________

K6. Do you (HEAD) have any children who don't live with you?

[ ] YES  [ ] NO→(GO TO K9)

K7. How many? ________ (NUMBER)

K8. When were they born?

(YEAR BORN)  (YEAR BORN)  (YEAR BORN)  #

K9. Did you (HEAD) have any children who are not now living?

# BY 25

[ ] YES  [ ] NO→(TURN TO PAGE 32, K11)

K10. When were they born?

(YEAR BORN)  (YEAR BORN)  (YEAR BORN)
SECTION K: NEW HEAD

K1. See page 2 of the cover sheet to see if the FU has a new head. Fill out this section for all heads new this year even if they have been heads before. For instance, a 1968 female head marries in 1970 and becomes wife, then she is divorced in 1975 and becomes head again. Ask her the New Head Section. All coral cover sheet families should be considered as having a new head. If the 1976 head is the same as the 1975 head, go from here to page 3 of the cover sheet, remembering to complete Section M of the questionnaire.

K2. If the head had numerous guardians while growing up, ask him about those with whom he spent the largest number of years. Note we want the state and county or nearest town where his mother and father grew up.

K3. If the R mentions that he was not living with his father, then the question applies to the male head of the family with whom he grew up.

K4. See D2, D3; the same instructions apply here.

K5. We are only interested in the number of occupations the head of the family has had, not what they were. These occupations should include things at which the head worked full-time not part-time jobs he had while in high school, etc. This question applies to all heads regardless of whether or not they are in the labor force continually.

K6-8. These questions refer only to the head's own children. Do not include stepchildren or foster children. If R mentions the children were adopted, note this in the margin. If R mentions more than three children, you need only ask H8 for the three oldest. If R is unable to give you the year in which the children were born but can tell you how old they are, this is acceptable, but be sure to note that the answer is the age and not the year.

K9,10. Again, this question refers only to the head's own children—not to stepchildren or foster children. Do not include miscarriages or stillbirths.
K11. How many brothers and sisters did you (HEAD) have? (SPECIFY NUMBER) 0. NONE (GO TO K13)

K12. Were any of your brothers or sisters older than you?
1. YES 5. NO

K13. Did you (HEAD) grow up on a farm, in a small town, in a large city, or what?
1. FARM 2. SMALL TOWN 3. LARGE CITY OTHER (SPECIFY)

K14. In what state and county was that (EXAMPLE: ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY)

ST, CO-H (STATE) (COUNTY)

(IF DON'T KNOW TO K14) → K15. What was the name of the nearest town?

____________________ (TOWN)

K16. What other states or countries have you lived in? (Including time spent abroad while in the armed forces.)

K17. Have you (HEAD) ever moved out of a community where you were living in order to take a job somewhere else?
1. YES 5. NO

K18. Have you ever turned down a job because you did not want to move?
1. YES 5. NO

K19. Were your parents poor when you were growing up, pretty well off, or what?

K20. How much education did your (HEAD'S) father have? ________________
(IF LESS THAN 6 GRADES) → K21. Could he read and write? __________

K22. How much education did your (HEAD'S) mother have? ________________
(IF LESS THAN 6 GRADES) → K23. Could she read and write? __________

K24. Are you (HEAD) a veteran?
1. YES 5. NO
K11. We want the number of siblings in the head's family when he was growing up. They need not all be alive now.

K12. Again, they need not be alive now.

K13. "Grow up" refers roughly to the period between the ages of 6 and 16. If R mentions several places, tell him we want the place where he spent the most years between ages 6 and 16.

K14-15. We want the name of the county, but if R doesn't know it, ask for the name of the nearest town; but be sure to find out the name of the state in any case. If R grew up outside the U.S., ask the name of the country in which he lived.

K16. A person is considered to have lived somewhere if he stayed there at least three months.

K17-18. There are two key phrases in this question. "Moved out of a community where you were living" means moving far enough to be out of easy contact. This may be a move to the other side of a city or across the country. "In order to take another job" means just that. We are not interested here in moves made if he did not change his job at the same time. Moving to take another position with the same company does count in this instance, however.

K19. We want the head's subjective estimate. If he mentions that he was not living with his parents, then the question applies to the family in which he grew up. "Poor," "Average," etc.

K20,21. If the R can't remember a male head of family when he was growing up, write "No father" in K20 and omit these questions. If the head's father died while he was very young, you may ask these questions about the male who was his stepfather or guardian about the time when he was growing up.

K22,23. Here again, a step or foster mother may be substituted.

K24. A veteran is anyone who has been a member of the U.S. armed services and, hence is entitled to veteran's benefits. He need not be a war veteran.
K25. How many grades of school did you (HEAD) finish?

GRADES OF SCHOOL

00 01 02 03 04 05 06

07 08 09 10 11 12

13 14 15 16 17+

K26. Did you get any other training?

1. YES 5. NO

(GO TO K28)

K27. What was it?

K28. Do you have any trouble reading?

(GO TO K34)

K29. Did you have any other schooling?

1. YES 5. NO

(GO TO K34)

K30. What other schooling did you have?

K31. What college was that?

K32. Do you have a college degree?

1. YES 5. NO

(GO TO K34)

K33. Do you have any advanced degrees?

1. YES 5. NO

K34. Do you mind if we record your religious preferences?

1. YES 5. NO

(TURN TO PAGE 34, L1)

K35. Is your religious preference Protestant, Catholic, or Jewish, or what?

PROTESTANT

8. CATHOLIC

9. JEWISH

OTHER

(SPECIFY)

(TURN TO PAGE 34, L1)

K36. What denomination is that?
K25. For heads still in school or college, record education completed to date and note that they are continuing their education.

K26. (Asked of heads with six years or less of schooling) Other training could be apprentice training, training under some federal retraining program, adult education courses, beauty school, etc.

K28. Difficulty reading is a serious handicap in most kinds of employment. It is relatively frequent among people with six years or less of schooling. "YES" or "NO" answers are adequate.

K29,30. (Asked of head with 7 to 12 grades of school) Count anyone with a High School Equivalence Certificate or GEDT as a high school graduate. "Other schooling" includes "other training" as in K2.

K31,32. Is asked only of heads who attended an academic college. (Barber, beauty, secretarial colleges, etc. are just varieties of "other training and schooling.")

K34-36. In order to comply with the Federal Privacy Act, be sure to ask K34. If the answer is "NO" or R seems at all reluctant to tell us his/her religion, skip K35 and K36.
SECTION L: NEW WIFE

L1. INTERVIEWER: REFER TO COVER SHEET AND CHECK ONE:

```
1. FU HAS NEW WIFE THIS YEAR
5. FU HAS SAME WIFE AS IN 1975 OR FU HAS NO WIFE OR FU HAS FEMALE HEAD
   (TURN TO PAGE 3 OF COVERSHEET)
```

L2. How many grades of school did your wife finish?

```
GRADERS OF SCHOOL
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12

COLLEGE
13 14 15 16 17+
```

L3. Did she have any other schooling?

```
1. YES 5. NO
   (TURN TO PAGE 3 OF COVER SHEET)
```

L4. What other schooling did she have?

```


(TURN TO PAGE 3 OF COVER SHEET)
```

L5. What college was that?

```


```

L6. Does she have a college degree?

```

```
1. YES 5. NO
   (TURN TO PAGE 3 OF COVER SHEET)
```

L7. Does she have any advanced degrees?

```
1. YES 5. NO
   (TURN TO PAGE 3 OF COVER SHEET)
```
SECTION L: NEW WIFE

L1. A new wife is a wife who was not in the household last year, a last year's female head who has married, or the wife of the head in a coral cover sheet splitoff family.

L3. Schooling here might include apprentice training, training under some federal retraining program, adult education, secretarial school, beauty school, etc.

L5. If still in college say so and give years completed.
SECTION M: BY OBSERVATION ONLY

M1. Who was respondent (relation to Head)? ________________________

M2. Number of calls ________________________

M3. Is this address inside of the city limits of a city of 50,000 or more? (INTERVIEWER: CONSULT ROAD MAP IF NECESSARY)

1. YES

M4. What city is that? ________________________

M5. How far is this DU from the center of that city?

1. LESS THAN 5 MILES
2. 5-14.9 MILES
3. 15-29.9 MILES
4. 30-49.9 MILES
5. 50 OR MORE MILES

5. NO

M6. What is the nearest city of 50,000 or more? ________________________

M7. How far is this DU from the center of that city?

1. LESS THAN 5 MILES
2. 5-14.9 MILES
3. 15-29.9 MILES
4. 30-49.9 MILES
5. 50 OR MORE MILES

M8. Is this address inside the city limits of a city of 5,000 or more?

1. YES 5. NO
M1. We have asked you to interview the head of the FU, but in cases where he will be away for the entire interviewing period, someone other than the head may have been your respondent.

M2. Count as separate calls those that are one hour or more apart; information can be transferred from the Call Record on page 1 of the cover sheet.
Telephone interviews may not lend themselves to thumbnail sketching but write here anything you discover that will help us to understand the respondent's situation.

A thumbnail sketch should not contain identifying information. Write anything that we need to know and do something about (the respondent didn't get his money, wants more information about the study, etc.) on a separate memo and attach it to the cover sheet.

Remember that under the new privacy act any respondent may see his or her interview including your thumbnail sketch.
SECTION A: BACKGROUND

A1. First I have some questions about your family and past experiences. Where did your father and mother grow up? (FROM BIRTH TO 18 YEARS OF AGE)

ST-FA  
Father:  (State if U.S., Country if foreign)

ST-MO  
Mother:  (State if U.S., Country if foreign)

A2. What was your father's usual occupation when you were growing up?

A3. What was your mother's usual occupation when you were growing up?
SECTION IV
WIVES' QUESTIONNAIRE

QUESTION-BY-QUESTION OBJECTIVES

REMINDER: NAMES OR IDENTIFYING INFORMATION OF ANY KIND MUST NEVER APPEAR IN AN INTERVIEW OR THUMBNAIL SKETCH.

A: BACKGROUND

A1 If the wife had numerous guardians while growing up, ask her about those with whom she spent the largest number of years. We want the state (or country) where her mother and father grew up.

A2 If the respondent mentions that she was not living with her father, then the question applies to the male head of the family with whom she grew up.

A3 This is like A2 except that it applies to the R's mother.
A4. How many brothers and sisters did you have?  
(SPECIFY NUMBER)  0. NONE  
(GO TO A6)

A5. Were any of your brothers or sisters older than you?  
1. YES  5. NO

A6. Did you grow up on a farm, in a small town, in a large city, or what?  
1. FARM  2. SMALL TOWN  3. LARGE CITY  OTHER (SPECIFY)

A7. In what state and county was that? (EXAMPLE: ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY)  
ST, CO- H  
STATE  COUNTY  
(IF "DON'T KNOW" TO A7) A8. What was the name of the nearest town?  
(TOWN)

A9. How much education did your father have?  
(IF LESS THAN 6 GRADES) A10. Could he read and write?  

A11. How much education did your mother have?  
(IF LESS THAN 6 GRADES) A12. Could she read and write?  

A4 We want the number of siblings in the wife's family when she was growing up. They need not all be alive now.

A5 Again, they need not be alive now.

A6 "Grew up" refers roughly to the period between the ages of 6 and 16. If the wife mentions several places, tell her we want the place where she spent the most years between ages 6 and 16.

If R replies "small city," "village," or "in the country," this is sufficient.

A7,8 We want the name of the county, but if R doesn't know it, ask for the name of the nearest town; but be sure to find out the name of the state in any case. If R grew up outside the U.S., ask the name of the country in which she lived.

A9,10 If the R can't remember a male head of family when she was growing up, write "No father" in A9 and omit these questions. If the wife's father died while she was very young, you may ask these questions about the male who was her stepfather or guardian about the time when she was growing up.

A11,12 Here again, a step or foster mother may be substituted.
A13. How many grades of school did you finish?

A14. Did you get any other training?
   1. YES  5. NO
   (GO TO A16)

A15. What was it?

A16. Do you have any trouble reading?

A17. Did you have any other schooling?
   1. YES  5. NO
   (GO TO A18)

A18. What other schooling did you have?

A19. Do you have a college degree?
   1. YES  5. NO
   (GO TO A20)

A20. Do you have any advanced degrees?
   1. YES  5. NO
   (GO TO A21)

A21. What year were you first married? __________ (YEAR)

A22. May we record your religious preference?
   1. YES
   5. NO  GO TO A23

A23. Is your religious preference Protestant, Catholic, or Jewish, or what?
   PROTESTANT  8. CATHOLIC  9. JEWISH  OTHER (SPECIFY)
   (GO TO A24)

A24. What denomination is that?

A25. Do you have a physical or nervous condition that limits the type of work, or the amount of work you can do?
   1. YES
   5. NO  TURN TO PAGE 4, B1

A26. How much does it limit your work?
A13 For wives still in school or college, record education completed to date and note that they are continuing their education.

A14 (Asked of wives with six years or less of schooling). Other training could be apprentice training, training under some federal retraining program, adult education courses, beauty school, etc.

A16 Difficulty reading is a serious handicap in most kinds of employment. It is relatively frequent among people with six years or less of schooling. "YES" or "NO" answers are adequate.

A17,18 (Asked of wife with 7 to 12 grades of school). Count anyone with a High School Equivalence Certificate of GEDT as a high school graduate. "Other schooling" includes "other training" as in A14.

A19,20 Is asked only of wives who attended an academic college. (Barber, beauty, secretarial colleges, etc are just varieties of "other training and schooling.")

A21 This refers to the year of the wife's FIRST marriage.

A22 In order to comply with the Federal Privacy Act be sure to ask A22. If the answer is "NO" or R seems at all reluctant to tell us her religion, skip A23 and A24 and go directly to A25.

A23,24 The replies to these questions are to be used as background measures. When asking for the wife's preference, do not force her to choose one of the mentioned alternatives. "NONE" is perfectly acceptable. If in reply to A22 she mentions a protestant denomination, record that and go on to A25.

A25,26 We are not interested in a disability per se but only in the limitations and restrictions it puts on the wife insofar as working for money or carrying on everyday activities are concerned. Some wives may be obviously handicapped but state that their condition does not limit their work. This is okay; do not press her to make her tell you that she has a physical handicap. If a disability obviously has a very serious effect on the family's economic status, you should explain this in the thumbnail.
SECTION B: HOUSEWORK

(ASK EVERYONE):

B1. About how much time do you spend on housework in an average week -- I mean time spent cooking, cleaning, and doing other work around the house?

__________________________ (HOURS PER WEEK)

B2. Do you pay for any help with the housework from someone outside your household?

1. YES  
5. NO → GO TO B4

B3. How much does this cost you per week? $_________________________ (PER WEEK)

B4. Are there children under 12 living here with you, or were there in 1975?

1. CHILD/CHILDREN UNDER 12 IN FAMILY NOW

3. CHILD/CHILDREN UNDER 12 IN FAMILY IN 1975 BUT NOT NOW

5. NO CHILDREN UNDER 12 IN FAMILY IN 1975/1976

(TURN TO PAGE 7, C1)

B5. You said you spend __________ hours a week on housework. Are there times in addition to that when you are looking after the children or taking them places?

1. YES  
5. NO → GO TO B7

B6. About how many hours a week would that amount to on the average?

__________________________ (HOURS PER WEEK)

B7. Are there times when your husband looks after the children or takes them places?

1. YES  
5. NO → TURN TO PAGE 5, B9

B8. About how many hours a week would that amount to on the average?

__________________________ (HOURS PER WEEK)

(TURN TO PAGE 5, B9)
SECTION B: HOUSEWORK

B1 If it is impossible to get a precise number of hours per week to this question, a reply such as "All the time," "A few hours a day," "Just a few minutes" are acceptable. Remember that this question refers to the housework done by the wife, not the total time spent by all household members.

B4 We are interested in child care arrangements for children under 12. If there are no children under 12 in the family unit, this section should be skipped; go on to Cl.

B5,6 We want to know the number of hours the wife spends "working" with children. This includes "playing" with the children, taking them to a doctor or dentist, conferring with their teacher, as well as other "motherly" chores.

B7,8 This is similar to B5-6, except the information is about the husband's hours per week.
B9. Do you have a job now?

1. YES  
2. NO  

5. NO → TURN TO PAGE 6, B20

B10. How are the children/is the child) taken care of while you work?

B11. (IF IN SCHOOL) - What about the time (he/she isn't)(they aren't) in school?

B12. How many hours per week are they taken care of?  

(HOURS PER WEEK)

B13. Do you pay for this with money, doing something in return, or what?

1. MONEY  
2. BOTH MONEY AND DOING SOMETHING IN RETURN  
3. DOING SOMETHING IN RETURN  
4. OTHER (SPECIFY)  

5. MONEY  
6. BOTH MONEY AND DOING SOMETHING IN RETURN  
7. DOING SOMETHING IN RETURN  
8. OTHER (SPECIFY)

B14. How much does that cost you per week?  

$  PER WEEK  

(GO TO B18)

B15. How much does that cost you per week?  

$  PER WEEK

B16. How much time does that take per week?  

(HOURS PER WEEK)

(GO TO B18)

B17. How much time does that take per week?  

(HOURS PER WEEK)  

(GO TO B18)

B18. In the past year how many times did someone have to stay home from work to take care of the (children/child) because these arrangements broke down?

1. FAIRLY OFTEN; 2 OR MORE TIMES PER MONTH  
2. ONCE A MONTH  
3. ONCE IN A WHILE; 3-11 TIMES PER YEAR  
4. RARELY; ONCE OR TWICE A YEAR  
5. NEVER  
6. DON'T KNOW (TURN TO PAGE 7, C1)

B19. Who was that? Was it you, your husband, or someone else?  

(TURN TO PAGE 7, C1)
B10-12  These questions refer only to child care (for children under 12) while the mother works, not sitting arrangements made while she is out socially. We want to know about every kind of child care used while R works—paid or unpaid, within or outside the household, including husbands and wives working different hours, regular school attendance, children looking after themselves, older children looking after younger ones, other family members looking after the children in the household, as well as day care centers, nursery schools, sitters, friends, relatives and so on.

If more than one child care method was used—for instance, a day care center in the morning and a relative in the afternoon—or if the children under twelve in the family were not all cared for in the same way, list all the child care methods the family used in 1975. Give us the total number of hours of child care per week.

B13  Since there are various ways to pay for child care while the R works, we want to know just how she manages it. This may include several methods so include all possibilities.

B18,19  It doesn't have to be the arrangement now in use which broke down. We want to know about any breakdown in child care arrangements (including ones caused by children under 12 having to stay home from regular school) in 1975 which made it necessary for a family member to miss hours at work because he/she had to take care of younger children.
B20. Recently there has been a lot of interest in arrangements for child care which would allow mothers to take jobs. If you wanted to take a job, could you arrange for the (children/child) to be taken care of while you worked?

1. YES  5. NO  8. DON’T KNOW → TURN TO PAGE 7, C1

B21. What sort of arrangements could you make?

B22. How much would that cost you per hour altogether?

$_________ PER HOUR

B23. Do you think that your going to work would cause any problems for your family?

1. YES  5. NO  (TURN TO PAGE 7, C1)

B24. What kinds of problems?

B25. Why is that?

B26. (IF MENTIONS TOO EXPENSIVE)

How much would that cost for your (children/child)?

$_________ PER HOUR

(TURN TO PAGE 7, C1)
We want to know if the respondent is aware of what sort of child care arrangements (if any) are available and what they cost. If she has no idea, don't encourage guessing--just check "DON'T KNOW."
SECTION C: CHILDREN

C1. Have you ever raised any children, or are you raising any now?

1. YES

5. NO

# by 25

C2. How many (was/is) that in all? (NUMBER)

C3. When were they born?

(MO/YEAR) (MO/YEAR) (MO/YEAR) (MO/YEAR)

(MO/YEAR) (MO/YEAR) (MO/YEAR) (MO/YEAR)

C4. (Were/Are) any of them children who were not born to you?

1. YES

5. NO

C5. Before you were first married, did you have a job working for money?

1. YES

5. NO

GO TO C7

C6. Did you normally work full-time then, or what?

1. FULL TIME

5. PART TIME

7. OTHER (SPECIFY)

C7. Did you work for money during the first years you were married?

1. YES

5. NO

GO TO C9

C8. Did you normally work full-time then, or what?

1. FULL TIME

5. PART TIME

7. OTHER (SPECIFY)

C9. Did you ever work for money when you had pre-school children?

1. YES

5. NO

TURN TO PAGE 8, C15

C10. Did you normally work full-time then, or what?

1. FULL TIME

5. PART TIME

7. OTHER (SPECIFY)

(TURN TO PAGE 8, C15)
SECTION C: CHILDREN

C1 We say "raised any children" in order to include adopted or foster children or perhaps children of a deceased relative, as well as wife's own children. We want children who grew up in the wife's household. Don't include children that she just baby-sat for.

C4 Just "YES" or "NO" is all that is needed here. We don't need to know how many.

C5-14 Answers to these questions should give us some idea of how women cope with the trade-off between a job and family responsibilities.
C15. INTERVIEWER: CHECK ONE (REFER TO ITEM 1d, PAGE 2, OF BEIGE COVERSHEET OR ITEM 1b, PAGE 2, OF CORAL COVERSHEET)

1. WIFE IS UNDER 50
5. WIFE IS 50 OR OVER

C16. Do you expect to have any (more) children?

1. YES
5. NO
8. DON'T KNOW

C17. How many children do you expect to have altogether?

________________________________________
________________________________________

C18. When do you think you will have your last child?

________________________________________
________________________________________

C19. Some women plan to look for a paid job as soon as all their children are in school; others try to keep a job with just maternity leaves; and still others have no plans for a paid job at all. How do you see your future job plans?

________________________________________
________________________________________
________________________________________
________________________________________

C20. How sure are you that you will not have any (more) children?

________________________________________
________________________________________
________________________________________
________________________________________

(TURN TO PAGE 9, C21)
NOTE Questions C16-C20 are asked only of wives under 50.

The wife could answer in terms of her own age such as "when I'm 35." Or she may answer in terms of the age of a present child such as "when the baby is two." Or she may just give the year, "in 1977."

It would be nice to find out if her future job plans, if any, depend on the age of her youngest child.

If R tells you that she is unable to have any more children, you may skip C21.
C21. How does your husband feel about having (more) children? Is he very much in favor of it, somewhat in favor of it, neither for nor against it, somewhat against it, or very much against it?

1. VERY MUCH IN FAVOR
2. SOMewhat IN FAVOR
3. NEITHER IN FAVOR NOR AGAINST
4. SOMEWHAT AGAINST
5. VERY MUCH AGAINST
8. DON'T KNOW

C22. How does your husband feel about (your working/the possibility of your working)? Is he very much in favor of it, somewhat in favor of it, neither in favor of nor against it, somewhat against it, or very much against it?

1. VERY MUCH IN FAVOR
2. SOMewhat IN FAVOR
3. NEITHER IN FAVOR NOR AGAINST
4. SOMEWHAT AGAINST
5. VERY MUCH AGAINST
8. DON'T KNOW

C23. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. CHILDREN UNDER 12 IN 1975 OR 1976 OR EXPECTS TO HAVE MORE CHILDREN

5. NO CHILDREN UNDER 12 IN 1975 OR 1976 AND DOES NOT EXPECT MORE CHILDREN

(TURN TO PAGE 10, DI)

C24. About how much education do you think your children will have when they stop going to school?

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________
Refers to education of children under 12 only even if there are other older children in the family.
Section D

Section E

Section F

Please refer to Question by Question Objectives for the Head's Questionnaire, pages 5-18 in the previous section. These sections are nearly identical in both questionnaires so that we can compare wives and husbands work experiences. However, a wife's work experience may be very different from her husband's -- she may have worked less, she will probably have worked at a different type of job, and that job may have required different skills.

Please compare the wives and heads questionnaires for these 3 sections. The objectives for both sets of questions are the same, though the question numbers in the sections do not correspond exactly.

We have not printed these sections for the wives questionnaires in order to save paper, printing costs, and mailing expenses.
SECTION D: EMPLOYMENT

SECTION E: IF LOOKING FOR WORK, UNEMPLOYED IN D1

SECTION F: RETIRED, HOUSEWIFE, STUDENT, PERMANENTLY DISABLED
SECTION G: WORK HISTORY

G1. How many years altogether have you worked for money since you were 18?

(YEARS)  
_____ (YEARS)  ALL  

G2. How many of these years did you work full time for most or all of the year?

(YEARS)  

G3. During the years that you were not working full time, how much of the time did you work?

G4. Thinking of your first full time, regular job, what did you do? OCC

G5. Have you had a number of different kinds of jobs, or have you mostly worked in the same occupation you started in, or what?

G6. Some people have stopped their regular work for a time for such things as family responsibilities or to go back to school. Have you ever stopped working for a year or more for any of these or other reasons and then gone back to work?

1. YES  5. NO  

G7. Was that only one period, or were there several periods of a year or more when you were not working?

1. ONE PERIOD  3. SEVERAL PERIODS

G8. When was the period you were not working, from when to when?

(MONTH, YEAR) to (MONTH, YEAR)

G9. When was the most recent period that you were not working, from when to when?

(MONTH, YEAR) to (MONTH, YEAR)

IF BEFORE 1955, TURN TO PAGE 26, H1

G10. For what reasons did you stop working the last time?

G11. Did you get any training or skills during the time you were not working that you could use in a job?

1. YES  5. NO
SECTION G: WORK HISTORY

G3 It would be helpful to get a clear answer such as half-time or two-thirds time. If that isn't possible, write down whatever R tells you and we will try to figure out the fraction. Be sure to tell us the unit used, such as weeks, months, years, or whatever.

G4 See D2-D3.

G5 We are only interested in the number of occupations the wife has had, not what they were. These occupations should include things at which the wife worked full-time, not part-time jobs she had while in high school, etc. This question applies to all wives regardless of whether or not they are in the labor force continually.

G6-19 Here we want to find out how interrupted work history affects earnings. The questions should be asked only of wives who at some point have stopped working for a year or more and later have gone back to work. We do not want to ask these questions of wives who have stopped working and have not gone back to work unless they have some past interrupted work experience to tell us about which occurred since 1955.

G11 The training or skills could have been acquired in the armed services, in jail, in college, even by doing volunteer work, but we only want to hear about training and skills which are now useful on R's present job--or could be used on some other job.
G12. And, why did you go back to work when you did? ____________________________

G13. Did you go back to the same kind of work you had done before?

1. YES

G14. Was it the same job?

1. YES  5. NO

G15. How did you find the job when you went back to work? Was it through a friend, an employment agency, a want ad, or what?

G16. How did you get the skills or qualifications for the job? Was it your regular education, previous work experience, some special training, or what?

G17. About how much did you earn when you went back to work?

$_________ per ________________
(HOUR/WEEK/MONTH/YEAR)

G18. About how much would you have been earning at that time if you had been working all along?

$_________ per ________________
(HOUR/WEEK/MONTH/YEAR)

G19. Why is that? ____________________________________________________________

_________________________________________________________

_________________________________________________________

G20. Did you get more help with the housework and taking care of the children from your husband after you went back to work?

1. YES  5. NO
Here we want to find out if people who drop out of the labor force can come back into it at the same job and financial level or must they start over each time.

We just want a "YES" or "NO" answer, without explanation.
THUMBNAIL SKETCH:
THUMBNAIL SKETCH:

Telephone interviews may not lend themselves to thumbnail sketching, but write here anything you discover that will help us to understand the respondent's situation.

A thumbnail sketch should not contain identifying information. Write anything that we need to know and do something about—the respondent didn't get his money, wants more information about the study, etc.—on a separate memo and attach it to the coversheet.

Please note that under the new privacy act any respondent may see their interview, including your THUMBNAIL SKETCH.